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# Launceston Weekly News

## Cornwall & Devon Times.

VOL. 63.—NO. 3246.

THE OLDEST AND  
BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 31, 1918.

Established  
1856.

[BY POST 29 PER  
QUARTER.]

TWOPENCE.

### Births, Marriages, Deaths.

**BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, etc.,** are charged as follows: Births, 1/-; Marriages, 1/-; Deaths, Return Thanks, and In Memoriam notices, 24 words or less, 1/-, 4d. per word after.

#### ROLL OF HONOUR.

**MAY.**—On August 9th, in France, Sec. Lieut. Thomas Radcliffe Agnew May, R.A.F., aged 19, younger and only surviving son of the Rev. and Mrs. F. Granville May, of the Rectory, Cardyham, Bodmin.

#### MARRIAGES.

**CURTIS-MITCHELL.**—On Monday, August 26th, at St. Stephens Church, Launceston, by the Rev. Canon Lewis, Capt. Cecil Curtis, R.A.M.C., son of Rear-Admiral E. T. W. Curtis, R.N., Mammesad, Plymouth, to Jessie Mary Mitchell, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Mitchell, Haydon, St. Stephens-by-Launceston.

**LOCK-BILLING.**—Aug. 21st, at Stoke Damerel Church, Henry James, only son of Mr. and Mrs. A. Lock, of Stoke, to Fanny, second daughter of the late Capt. and Mrs. Billing, of Padstow.

#### DEATHS.

**BIDDLECOMBE.**—August 28th (suddenly), at 25, Lambert Street, Barrack Hill, Newport, Mon., May, dearly beloved wife of Frederick Richard Biddlecombe, formerly of Newport, Launceston.

**PHILLIPS.**—Aug. 28th, at Llanfair Cubert, Jane, the beloved wife of John Harris Phillips, second daughter of the late John Chapman, of Guvvenna, St. Minver, aged 67.

**WILKINSON.**—William Percy, M.B., C.M., Edin., of The Firs, Berrystown, aged 49 years, dearly beloved husband of Nellie, and eldest son of the late Rev. William Wilkinson, rector of West St. Mary.

#### IN MEMORIAM.

In proud and loving memory of Sergt. Douglas Curry, killed in action August 26th, 1917. Sadly missed by his wife and child.

### ELI COOK

(Late T. H. Nicolls),  
Southgate, Launceston.

#### Mourning Department

A Speciality.  
ARRANGEMENTS now made for Prompt Execution of Orders. Large Stock of Black Dress Materials, Costumes, Coats and Mourning Millinery in Stock. All Grades of Family and Servants' Mourning. Families waited upon by Experienced Assistants Town or Country.

Telegrams—Cook, Southgate, Launceston.

### 150 Good Second-hand Pianos Wanted.

#### Particulars and Prices to HAYMAN & SON.

WE thoroughly overhaul all second-hand PIANOS that we purchase in our up-to-date Workshops, and we can then offer them to our Clients as thoroughly sound and reliable instruments. WE hold the sole local agencies for all the highest class Manufacturers, and have always a varied assortment of their latest New Models in Stock.

HAYMAN & SON, LAUNCESTON.  
Established 1850.

#### FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, RED SEED WHEAT. Apply, Parson, Basil, Cleather, Altarnun.

CIDER—FOR SALE 3 EMPTY PUNCEONS. "Bell Inn," Launceston.

FOR SALE, good COB. Quite good worker. Parsons, Baker, Launceston.

SEED WHEAT for sale, (Red), Straw (White), also good new seed. Hockin, Trevadock, Lewannick, Launceston.

MR. H. PEARSE,  
AUCTIONEER, CAMELFORD.

### Sales by Auction.

**MESSRS. J. KITTO & SON,**  
AUCTIONEERS, VALUERS, ESTATE & INSURANCE AGENTS.

SURVEYS, PLANS, & REPORTS MADE.

Offices: CHURCH STREET, LAUNCESTON, And at

CALLINGTON on Market Days.

Particulars of Furnished and Unfurnished Residences and other Properties to be Sold or Let in the Western Counties forwarded on application.

**THIS DAY,  
Saturday, August 31st,  
1918.**

**SALE OF EAST ISLAND FARM and SLIPPERHILL COTTAGES at the WHITE HART HOTEL, LAUNCESTON, at 4 p.m., as previously advertised.**

J. KITTO & SON, Auctioneers.

**Callington Cattle Market.**

SEPTEMBER 4th, 1918.

**MESSRS. J. KITTO & SON** will hold their usual Auction in the above Market, commencing at 10 a.m. Entries comprise a large number of STORE CATTLE in fresh condition, COWS and CALVES. Also several pairs of BREEDING EWES and other SHEEP.

At 12 noon, a good Cart Foal by "Dunstan Lad" Shire Foal by "Hereford Squire," promising Cart Foal, rising 2, by "Dunstan Lad."

**Hendra Farm, South Petherwin.**

Sale of 50 Acres of Grass, in Lots to be depastured until March 1st, 1919.

**MESSRS. J. KITTO & SON** will Sell by Public Auction, at Hendra Farm, South Petherwin, on THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 5th, 1918, at 2 p.m., the property of Messrs. J. Kitto & Son, of Launceston, consisting of 50 ACRES OF ABUNDANT GRASS, in the following lots, namely:

No.	Name.	Acres.	P.
222	Lower Down	5	2 1/2
223	Park's Field	5	2 1/2
224	Cornfield	5	2 1/2
225	Upper Field	5	2 1/2
226	Middle Field	5	2 1/2
227	Grass Field	5	2 1/2
228	Grass Field	5	2 1/2
229	Grass Field	5	2 1/2
230	Grass Field	5	2 1/2
231	Grass Field	5	2 1/2
232	Grass Field	5	2 1/2
233	Grass Field	5	2 1/2
234	Grass Field	5	2 1/2
235	Grass Field	5	2 1/2
236	Grass Field	5	2 1/2
237	Grass Field	5	2 1/2
238	Grass Field	5	2 1/2
239	Grass Field	5	2 1/2
240	Grass Field	5	2 1/2

Total Acreage 50 1/2

Also Sheep Rack and Sundry Feeding Troughs.

The land is very healthy for all classes of Stock, and there is a very plentiful supply of Grass.

**Milton Abbot and Lamerton.**

RICH WELL-SITUATED FREEHOLD PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

**MESSRS. J. KITTO & SON** have been favoured with instructions to Sell by Public Auction, at the WHITE HART HOTEL, LAUNCESTON, on SATURDAY, 7th day of SEPTEMBER, 1918, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, as follows:—

Lot 1.—All that highly desirable FARM known as "SHORTBURN," in the Parish of Milton Abbot, now in the occupation of Mr. J. E. Adams, as yearly Lady-day tenant, and containing about 122 ACRES of rich Grazing, Dairy, and Agricultural Land, well watered, very compact, and adjoining the main road from Launceston to Tavistock, about 3 1/2 miles distant from the latter town and within 1/2 mile of the village of Milton Abbot.

The pleasantly-situated Farm Residence is of a superior description, with 5 Bedrooms, Box Room, w.c., principal and secondary Staircases. Large Dining and Drawing Rooms, with Bay Windows, 2 Kitchens, Dairy, Scullery, Pantry, Coal-house, Washhouse, etc.

The Farm Buildings are ample and of a very substantial character.

There is a small area of tillage, but the land generally is adapted for Grazing and Dairy purposes, and the whole forms one of the most desirable Farms either for investment or occupation in this rich agricultural district. Mr. Adams will kindly show the Farm on Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Lot 2.—A highly productive ACCOMMODATION TENEMENT at Tuel Down, in the parish of Milton Abbot, adjoining Lot 1, and containing about 11 ACRES of excellent Pasture Land, on which is a stone-built and slated Barn, Cart Shed, and Linhay, in the occupation of Mr. George Simmons as yearly Michaelmas tenant.

The Land is plentifully supplied with water, and adjoins the main road to

### Sales by Auction.

Tavistock, from which town it is distant about 5 miles, and forms a compact, desirable Small Holding.

Lot 3.—A very rich GRAZING HOLDING in the parish of Lamerton, Devon, about 4 miles from Tavistock, known as

"QUARRY PARKS," in the occupation of Mr. William Hillson as yearly Lady-day tenant, and containing about 54 ACRES of first class Grass Land, on which is a Cattle Shed and other Buildings.

The Land lies on the free stone, is abundantly supplied with water, and is well known for its rich Grazing qualities.

It is approached by good roads, and situated within a mile of the village of Lamerton, and about 4 miles from Tavistock. A Plan and Schedule may be seen at Shortburn; and Mr. Hillson of Willistree, will be pleased to show the Fields at Quarry Park.

All further particulars, with Conditions of Sale, may be inspected in the office of Messrs. J. KITTO & SON, Land Agents; or Messrs. GRAHAM-WHITE & LLEWELLYN, Solicitors, Launceston.

Dated Aug. 13th, 1918.

**Parish of North Hill, Cornwall.**

HIGHLY PRODUCTIVE FREEHOLD FARMS FOR SALE.

**MESSRS. J. KITTO & SON** will offer for Sale by Public Auction, at the WHITE HART HOTEL, LAUNCESTON, on SATURDAY, 7th day of SEPTEMBER, 1918, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, all those excellent well-wooded FREEHOLD FARMS, as yearly Michaelmas tenants.

The Farms contain about 74 Acres of first-class meadow, pasture, orchard, and arable land, on which is a very superior Farm House, ample and a beautiful out-building, and field lincays.

The land is of a most healthy and profitable description, well supplied with water, easy of cultivation, and produces Stock and Crops of the best character.

The property is situated near Compton's Shop, on the main road between Launceston and Liskeard, and the projected Railway from Kelly Bray would pass near the Farms.

Launceston, Callington, Kelly Bray, and Liskeard are within easy reach by good roads.

The Estate Cottage and a large Garden of about 1 acre at Tavistock will be offered as a separate lot.

A plan and schedule may be seen at Tavistock, and the tenant will kindly point out the property. The Land Tax is released.

All further particulars of

**MESSRS. J. KITTO & SON,** Land Agents, or **MESSRS. PETER AND SON,** Solicitors, Launceston.

**Daws House, South Petherwin.**

Within 1 1/2 miles from Launceston.

**MESSRS. J. KITTO & SON** will Sell by Auction at the WHITE HART HOTEL, LAUNCESTON, on SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 7th, 1918, at 5 o'clock p.m., TWO FREEHOLD SLATED COTTAGES, with very large productive Gardens, now occupied by Messrs. T. Ball and C. Bickle.

The Cottages are well supplied with water, and pleasantly situated within 1/2 mile of the Village.

Particulars and Conditions of Sale of Mr. J. P. BLIGHT, Solicitor, CALLINGTON.

**Launceston Cattle Market.**

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10th, 1918.

**MESSRS. J. KITTO & SON** will hold their usual Auction in the above Market on TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10th, 1918, for all classes of Store Stock, Cows, and Calves, etc., commencing at 10 a.m. Entries expected and solicited.

**Climson, Stokeclimsland.**

Important Sale of 40 South Devon Cattle, 137 Sheep, 6 Horses, Pigs, Implements, &c.

**MESSRS. J. KITTO & SON** have received instructions from the representatives of the late Mr. J. D. Gribble to Sell by Public Auction at Climson, on THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12th, 1918, at 2 p.m., the undermentioned superior FARM STOCK, Implements, and Effects, namely:—

SHEEP—70 healthy Breeding Ewes, 55 Ewe and Wether Lambs, 2 Rams—157.

CATTLE—2 Cows and Calves, 2 Cows in milk and in Calf, 3 Cows forward in Calf, 2 young fresh Steers about 2 years old, 5 ditto 2 years old, 2 Heifers in Calf, 10 growing young Heifers about 18 months old, 6 ditto Steers—40.

HORSES—Madam, a Bay Mare, 6 years old, 16 h.h.; Derby, a Bay Mare, 6 years old, 16 h.h.; Jessie, a Bay Mare, 4 years old; Prince, a Bay Gelding, 3 years

### Sales by Auction.

old; Thick Set Colt 2 years old; Sucking Colt by "Clydesdale."

Pigs—Sow in farrows, 5 large Slips.

Also the whole of the Implements and Machinery, Waggon, Cart, etc., as in regular use on the Farm.

The Cattle are well-bred South Devons, in fresh condition, the Ewes healthy and sound, and the Horses valuable young Animals fit for draft or Agricultural purposes.

**Wortha, Germansweek.**

**SALE OF 150 SHEEP, 25 BULLOCKS, 2 CART COLTS, IMPLEMENTS, GRASS, etc., the property of Mr. J. Vayce.**

Will be held on MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 16th, 1918.

**Week St. Mary Fair.**

WILL BE HELD ON TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17th, 1918, at 10 a.m.

J. KITTO & SON, Auctioneers.

**Pilaton Barton, St. Mellion.**

**SALE OF 40 CATTLE, 120 SHEEP, 21 PIGS, 5 HORSES, 200 POULTRY, IMPLEMENTS, etc., the property of Mr. James Tucker.**

Messrs. J. KITTO & SON will Sell by Auction, as above, on THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 19th, 1918.

**Preliminary Notice.**

THE extensive FREEHOLD and COPYHOLD PROPERTIES belonging to the ESTATE of W. H. H. Hanson and others in the Parishes of LEWANNICK, ALFARNTON, DAVIDSTOWE, LANTRILLOS, and ST. TEATH, will be offered For Sale by Public Auction by Messrs. J. KITTO & SON at an early date.

Messrs. GRAHAM-WHITE & LLEWELLYN, Solicitors, Launceston.

Messrs. HANSON & NASH, Solicitors, Swansea.

**MR. W. VOSPER, F.R.A.S.**

AUCTIONEER, SURVEYOR, VALUER, ESTATE AGENT, &c.

LAUNCESTON AND CALLINGTON.

**Launceston Cattle Market.**

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10th, 1918.

**MR. W. VOSPER** will hold his usual Auction, entries for which are respectfully solicited.

**MR. T. N. WENN.**

AUCTIONEER, HOUSE, LAND, AND INSURANCE AGENT.

VALUER AND ACCOUNTANT.

Offices: GROAD STREET, LAUNCESTON.

**Treniffe Cottage, Lawhitton.**

**MR. WENN** is instructed by Mrs. Gee to sell by Auction on THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 5th, at 2.30 p.m., the following HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, namely:—

Large Round Table, Inlaid Table, Small Table, Easy Chair, Old Arm do., another do., 3 Wicker Chairs, 2 Kitchen do., Piano, 2 Inlaid China Cabinets, Small Oak Corner Cupboard, 2 Small Book Cases, 3 Tier Plant Stand, Drugget, Stair Carpet, Stair Rods, 3 Fine Oil Paintings, 4 Water Colour do. in Frames, 2 other Oil Paintings in Massive Frames (Exhibition), Sundry Pictures, Plated Kettle and Spirit Lamp, Plated H. W. Jug, 2 Plated Fruit Baskets, Set of Fine Old Lustre Jugs, Old Cup and Saucer, 2 Old Plates, Large Kitchen Cupboard, Fire Screen, Curtain Poles, Curtains, Carved Stool and one other do., Books, &c. Brass Rail Bedstead, Spring Mattress, Overlay, Feather Bed, Bolster, Pillows, Oak Bedstead, Overlay, 3 Hanging Wardrobes, Washstand, Dressing Table, Chamber Ware, 2 Bamboo Tables, Bedroom Chairs, Boot Cupboard, Clothes Basket, Rugs, Mats, Hip Bath, Part Dinner Set, 2 Half Tea Sets, China, Glass and Earthenware, Kettles, Cooking Utensils, Perfection Oil Stove, Garden Shears, Water Can, Bucket, &c., &c. The Furniture is a very excellent lot and worthy the attention of buyers.

On View morning of Sale after 11 o'clock.

**MESSRS. DAVEY & DAVEY,** AUCTIONEERS, CALLINGTON.

TO LET, with immediate possession, TWO ROOMED STORE in Ram Alley, Apply: Dingley, Launceston.

**LAUNCESTON.**—TO LET, 2 ROOMS as OFFICES, Ground Floor. Good position. Apply X., "Weekly News" Office, Launceston.

### Sales by Auction.

**MESSRS. W. H. JASPER & SON**  
AUCTIONEERS,  
HALWORTHY, DAVIDSTOW.

**Camelford Fair.**

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 5th, 1918, at 9.30 a.m.

**W. H. JASPER & SON** will Sell at the above a rare lot of BREEDING EWES and other SHEEP, CATTLE, COWS and CALVES, etc.

**Halworthy Fair.**

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12th, 1918, at 9.30 a.m.

**W. H. JASPER & SON** will Sell at the above 500 BREEDING EWES and other SHEEP, from the best flocks in the neighbourhood; a large number of CATTLE, COWS and CALVES, etc.

**FARM STOCK, IMPLEMENTS, POTATOES, etc., for Sale at**

**Treway Farm, St. Juliot.**

**W. H. JASPER & SON** have received instructions from Mr. Bennett to Sell by Auction, at the above Farm, on FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 20th, 1918, at 2 p.m., 2 Horses, 25 Bullocks, 35 Sheep, Pigs, Poultry, Implements, 1 Acre of Potatoes, etc.

**Tremorle, St. Juliot.**

**W. H. JASPER & SON** have received instructions from Mr. Burnard (who is quitting the Farm) to Sell by Auction, on THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 5th, 1918, at 2 p.m., 4 Horses, 45 Bullocks, 250 Breeding Ewes and other Sheep, etc. Sale on THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 26th, 1918, at 2 p.m.

**MESSRS. W. H. HAYNE & CO.,** AUCTIONEERS, VALUERS, &c., CAMELFORD.

**Hendra Farm, near Camelford.**

Important Farm Stock Sale: 80 Sheep, 16 Bullocks, Mare, Colt, 2 Pigs, Implements in the above Farm.

**W. H. HAYNE & CO.** have been instructed by Mr. F. H. Tedy to Sell by Public Auction, at Hendra, on THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 5th, 1918, at 2 p.m., the undermentioned LIVE & DEAD FARM STOCK, viz:—

SHEEP—40 good Breeding Ewes, 40 Ewe and Wether Lambs.

BULLOCKS—2 Calves, 2 Steers 1 year old, 4 Heifers ditto, 3 Heifers 2 years old, in calf; 2 Steers 2 years old, Devon Cow, lately renewed in calf; prime Guernsey Cow and Calf.

HORSES—"Ruby," mare, bay, 15 1/2 hands high, 7 years old, quiet and good in all harness; handsome Pony Colt, entire.

FIGS—2 Black Slip Pigs, 1 1/2 Teddy to Set of Silver-mounted Trap Harness, Set of Cart Harness, Set of Fore Horse Harness, Large Iron Whip, Whips and Chains.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—4ft. 6in. Brass Rail Bedstead, Tables, Chairs, 6in. Kitchen Table, Old Iron, with sundry other lots.

The Auctioneers can with confidence recommend the above Stock as healthy and in good condition. The Mare is superior in quality; Bullocks, North Devons; Sheep and Lambs, good quality and young; the whole worthy of attention from intending purchasers.

Sale THURSDAY, SEPT. 5th, at 3 o'clock.

Dated Fire, and Railway Passengers' Insurance Offices, Camelford, August 12th, 1918.

**MESSRS. PEARSE, HAYNE & JASPER,** AUCTIONEERS.

**Camelford Cattle Market.**

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 5th, 1918.

300 TO 400 BREEDING EWES, drafted from the leading flocks of the district; Registered Ewes, Registered Rams, a good supply of Store Cattle, several Cows and Calves, Fat Cattle, Sheep and Lambs for grading. Sales commence at 10 a.m.

PEARSE, HAYNE, & JASPER, Auctioneers.

Agents to the County Fire Office.

**Kivell and Harris.**

Auctioneers, Surveyors, Estate and House Agents, Licensed Valuers, Certified Bailiffs.

THE SQUARE, HOLSWORTHY.

### LAUNCESTON PICTURE THEATRE.

MANAGER: Harry T. Sinclair.

Mon., Tues., and Wed., Sept. 2, 3, 4.—The 6th Episode of "THE RED ACE"; WAR OFFICE PICTORIAL NEWS; Clara Kimball Young in "LOLA," in 4 Acts; and Patsy, Arbuckle as "THE BUTCHER BOY." The first of a series of Paramount 2-part Comedies.

Thurs., Fri., and Sat., Sept. 5, 6, 7.—The 2nd Episode of "THE MYSTERY SHIP"; WAR OFFICE PICTORIAL NEWS; Edgar Selwyn in the Romantic Drama, in 4 Acts, "THE ARAB"; and Two Comedies (time permitting).

Printed and Published for and by the Proprietors, Brimble & Bros., at their Printing Works, Church St., Launceston.

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Prepare for the  
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**Binder Twine**  
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Saddlers, Launceston,

ARE now showing their New Season  
Stock of LAMPS, CHIMNEYS,  
GLOBES, &c. CARRIAGE and CART  
LAMPS; Rear Lamps to meet the Lights  
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Makers.

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Official Repairer to R.A.C., A.A., and M.U.  
Motor Cars on Hire, and Carriage of all  
descriptions.

FRANCE, MOURNING COACHES &  
TRAINS MET BY APPOINTMENT.  
RUNABOUT ..... Price £180.  
TOURING CAR ..... £190.  
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**New Machines**  
and Accessories.

Cycles bought at Sluggett's are seen  
everywhere; let yours be among the number.  
Sole Agent for "Centaur," "Rudge White-  
worth," "Gloria," "Premier," "Singer,"  
"Raleigh," "Triumph," "B.S.A.," and  
others.

MOTOR BICYCLES:  
Sole Agent for "Triumph," "Rudge White-  
worth," "B.S.A.," "Singer," "Douglas,"  
"Premier," and "Bradbury." Sole Agent  
for Launceston and District for Auto-  
Wheels.

**S. SLUGGETT,**  
Exeter St., Launceston.  
Old Machines taken in exchange. Pur-  
chasers taught free of charge. Easy pay-  
ments arranged.

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Remove the dirt and shine, repair, and  
Tailor-press. We DYE faded Garments  
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**MILLBAY LAUNDRY**  
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Agents:

Mr. Jesse Raddall, Southgate Arch,  
and Mrs. Symons,  
Milliner, Southgate St., Launceston.

## THE STIRRING OF THE NATIONS.

"Despise not the day of small things" is a  
commandment which our friends the Germans  
have made it a systematic part of their philo-  
sophy to ignore. They proclaim a blatant  
contempt for everything which has not the  
virtue of bigness, and they make no disguise  
of their claim to trample under foot every  
community whose numbers and physical  
strength are inferior to their own. It is for  
the cardinal sin of this arrogance that judg-  
ment awaits them before the tribunal of  
humanity; and the longer that the war con-  
tinues the more closely will the spectre of  
retribution identify itself with the cause of  
those smaller peoples who have been so vilely  
maltreated and enslaved. It is significant how  
completely the interests of Germany have  
been consolidated with those of high-handed  
conquest and brutality throughout the  
whole sphere of war. Herself the goaler of  
Poles, Danes, and Alsations, she opened  
hostilities, as Prince Lichnowsky has said,  
by "insisting upon the massacre of  
Serbia," and by violating the neu-  
trality of Belgium and Luxembourg. Her  
closest confederates, the Austrian Empire,  
owes its whole existence to the subjection of  
weaker peoples; and there is no part of the  
Dual Monarchy in which the Hapsburg rule  
could endure for a day were it not for the  
vivid menace of the bayonet and the gallows.  
Subtract the Czechs, Slovaks, Poles, Italians,  
Rumanians, and Serbs, by whom his author-  
ity is cordially detested, and the Emperor  
Karl would find himself the master of a very  
shrunk territory, and reduced to a de-  
cidedly second-rate station among the poten-  
tates of Europe.

Upon the constitution of the Ottoman Em-  
pire it is scarcely necessary to enlarge: it is  
a vast prison-house of massacre and torture,  
whose survival into the twentieth century is a  
reflection upon the whole world's credit, and  
whose reek of massacre offends the remotest  
nostrils of civilisation. Germany's attitude  
towards the principle of nationality has been  
illustrated nowhere more vividly than in her  
treatment of the lesser countries which still  
maintain their neutrality. Holland, Spain, Den-  
mark, and Norway have all had experience of  
how she regards the rights of nations whose  
strength is too insignificant for her to fear.  
She has sunk their ships and drowned their  
sailors without the slightest excuse and with-  
out a trace of compunction, taking it for  
granted that they would apply the lesson by  
conforming to her will in every case where the  
vindication of their neutrality might thwart  
her convenience.

THE FAILURE OF FRIGHTFULNESS.  
From the very first it must have been a sur-  
prise to the Germans to discover that the  
Allies had overrated the power of intimidation.  
The Belgians, who knew that it was impos-  
sible to avoid being overwhelmed by the  
onset of so powerful an invader, neverthe-  
less held true to their international honour,  
and maintained their ground long enough to  
permit of the deployment of our own Expen-  
ditionary Force. Serbia hurled back the forces  
of the Austrian Empire, time and again, and  
was overcome at last only by the treacherous  
attack of her Bulgarian neighbour. These  
small nations which refused to be intimidated  
by the challenges of Teutonic might have  
undergone a terrible martyrdom, but their  
spirit has never been quelled, and the con-  
secrated memory of their sufferings is one  
of the most powerful incentives which  
keeps the face of the Allied peoples as a  
whole towards the goal of supreme victory.

It is realised that Germany has pro-  
pounded a question to which the civilised  
world must return, an explicit answer.  
Are the rights of a nation independent  
of its size and power, or are they liable  
to be overridden whenever the convenience  
of a bigger neighbour happens to be dis-  
turbed by them? If the latter is the case,  
then all the moral pretensions of our genera-  
tion are a sham, and there is no law among  
nations. Are the rights of a nation among  
the small nations after the war that will deter-  
mine whether their more powerful champions  
have succeeded or failed. Their re-establish-  
ment in confidence, security, and self-respect  
constitutes the crux of the whole struggle,  
and this truth emerges with ever-growing dis-  
tinctness as the mills of war grind out the  
decrees of Providence.

RACIAL RESURRECTIONS.  
At the outset, as we have said, Germany  
failed to crush the courage of the small  
nations, whose independence she chose to  
assail. A remarkable feature of these later  
stages of the conflict is the awakening of  
patriotic spirit among peoples which have  
long been robbed of their national institu-  
tions and compelled to accept the rule of the  
oppressor. It is centuries since the name of  
Bohemia figured in the political records of  
Europe. That country and its people have  
been beyond all living memory been battered  
down among the many subject races of the  
Austrian Empire, overruled by the brute  
strength of a vindictive Government, and cut  
off from all visible hope of recovering their  
independence. But to-day, after four years  
of war, although every square inch of  
Bohemian territory is still under the heel of  
the Hapsburgs, its inhabitants are illumi-  
nated by a lively hope of emancipation, which  
is stirred to increasing ardour by the romantic  
deeds of their countrymen in Russia. These  
Czech-Slovak armies, conscripted to execute  
the brutal will of Germany, have shown an  
unwavering instinct for the cause of right  
and freedom. Deserting the Austrian colours,  
they fought for Russia so long as Russia was  
to be found in the ranks of the Allies. When  
that country was betrayed by the Bolsheviks,  
the Czech-Slovak armies were not misled by  
their spurious jargon of democracy and inter-  
nationalism, but retained their arms, and are  
now the nucleus around which all the honest  
and sane elements of the reawakened Russian  
people are organising themselves.  
They are not the only example of how the  
fires of courage and self-devotion are being  
kindled in races which have long been de-

prived of their political independence. Most  
remarkable accounts are forthcoming of how  
the Jewish inhabitants of Palestine (who  
have not borne arms for nearly two thousand  
years) are coming forward to join the Hebrew  
corps of the British Army. The expedition  
which we have just sent to Baku has brought  
succour to a force of Armenians who have  
dared to hold that front against the Turks,  
notwithstanding what the most fiendish and  
wholesale massacres on record have done to  
crush the manhood of their nation. The resur-  
rection of national faith and effort among  
oppressed peoples at this stage of the war is a  
symptom before which Germany may well  
tremble. The trusted weapon of fear has  
broken in her hands, and after four years of  
the "frightfulness" she can accomplish  
the courage of freedom is higher than it has  
ever been, and breaks forth in what she  
would have considered the unlikely places.  
The essential meaning of her challenge to  
mankind is being gradually realised every-  
where, and every worthy race, large or small,  
begins to perceive that it must take rank by  
its own record and exertions either with the  
slaves or with the free.

## "THE BRITISH WAY." AN AMERICAN ESTIMATE

The "Morning Post's" Washington  
correspondent quotes the "Philadelphia  
Ledger," which says the Kaiser must have  
shivered "when he knew for certain that  
his spies had lied and that the stubborn,  
stock-footed, bull-dog British had decided to  
live or die with the French. The British  
have a bad record for ambitious despots to  
face. . . . England was under obligations  
to send some 80,000 soldiers to help the  
French. The Kaiser, measuring British  
honour by his own, thought that England  
would literally and perfunctorily redeem  
this pledge and do no more. Instead,  
Britain alone has sent on land and sea a  
total of six and a quarter millions. Her  
Empire has added two and a quarter  
millions more to this. Over eight millions  
instead of 80,000; one hundred in place of  
one. That is the British way. When we  
send five millions, we shall have done as  
well, but not till then."

"A FOUR FIGHTER."  
What England has done on sea, how she  
has fed and financed and munitioned her  
allies, and transported and conveyed Amer-  
ican troops, is told, and the "Ledger" con-  
cludes:—

"The Briton is a 'four fighter,' and  
knows no end of a struggle save victory or  
death. He never fights a limited liability  
war; he fights to the bitter end, and he  
concludes:—  
"The Briton is a 'four fighter,' and  
knows no end of a struggle save victory or  
death. He never fights a limited liability  
war; he fights to the bitter end, and he  
concludes:—

## VOLUNTEERS' DUTIES.

ADDITIONAL OBLIGATIONS WHICH  
CAN BE IMPOSED.

Conditions governing compulsory service  
in the volunteers are set out in a new  
which the Local Government Board has  
issued to all tribunals:

Men placed in Division B (T) will be re-  
quired to undergo the training until passed  
as efficient, if drilled once a month, with a  
qualifying course of musketry (30 rounds);  
when passed as efficient, 10 drills a month (or  
30 drills a quarter), with a qualifying course of  
musketry. Certain special arrangements  
and concessions are continued.

Men in Section B (S) will be required to  
perform, for not more than 12 hours a  
week, military duty of a restricted type  
(guard duty and the like), such as can be  
effectively done by men working in relief,  
thus releasing full-time soldiers for more  
exacting service.

It is emphasized that Volunteer service  
is not a ground for exemption from com-  
pulsory military service, and must not be  
claimed, and must not be taken into  
account in deciding whether or not exemption  
is justified.

Tribunals must consider on its merits  
any request to be exempted from the Volun-  
teer liability. It is generally inappro-  
priate that practising pharmacists should  
be required to undertake the Volunteer obli-  
gation.

In any case the tribunal consider that  
a man should undertake more than the  
allotted duties of his division, it is open  
to them to recommend that the military  
authorities should require the man to per-  
form, in addition, a certain number of  
hours of military duty, not exceeding 12  
a week. Claims of other branches of  
voluntary service should be kept in mind  
in deciding cases, in particular the special  
constabulary, the Red Cross, and fire  
brigades.

TRIBUNALS AND OLDER  
MEN.  
To Penryn Borough Tribunal on Friday a  
circular was read from the N.S. office at  
Truro, stating that as tribunals were no  
doubt aware they were not calling for service  
all the men of the new age, who were  
liable for service. It had been publicly  
announced that the Ministry did not expect  
to secure more than about seven per cent.  
of them for the military forces. This was  
being done gradually in order to avoid as  
far as possible unnecessary dislocation of  
business, and consequently it might happen  
that they might have at any time some  
more of them available for service than were  
at the moment needed. Some cases, there-  
fore, had to be postponed, and though they  
would ordinarily give preference in calling  
to those for whom the tribunal had fixed a  
day to report for service, it might happen  
that even some of these had to be given  
further postponements. In these cases the  
tribunals would understand that the post-  
ponement was due not to any want of atten-  
tion on the part of the N.S. authorities to  
their recommendations, but solely to the re-  
quirements of the services at the moment.

## GREAT BRITISH VICTORY.

RAPID ADVANCE OVER  
SOMME BATTLEFIELD.

Last week-end was a glorious one for the  
Allies, and in particular for the British  
armies. It is recalled that on  
Wednesday of last week the British started  
a new attack north of Albert, followed it  
up with another on Thursday south of that  
place, which was captured by our troops,  
and delivered still another thrust on Friday  
between Arras and Chaumont, thus extend-  
ing the battle-line to 30 miles.

THOUSANDS OF PRISONERS.  
This latest attack, which was developed  
on Foch's plan of working round important  
railway centres and roads and so bringing  
about their fall, proved brilliantly suc-  
cessful. The British carried numerous villages,  
killing great numbers of the enemy, and  
up to Saturday captured 14,000 prisoners,  
with a number of guns.

RAPID ADVANCE.  
Saturday's news showed that the British  
3rd and 4th Armies were pressing their  
advance. The 4th Army (General Rawlin-  
son's) had advanced a distance of between  
two and three miles, capturing several  
important positions, and our troops were  
the western outskirts of Bray, which was  
afterwards stormed.

The 3rd Army (General Byng's), on a  
front of about 12 miles, had advanced  
between four and five miles at the deepest  
point. They had crossed the Ancre and  
were fighting on the slopes of the Thiépval  
Ridge and along the eastern bank of the  
Ancre, north of Albert.

NEARING BARAUME.  
The importance of the advance was that  
we were nearing Baraume, one of the most  
important road junctions on the front.  
The famous Thiépval ridge was after-  
wards captured, and the troops reached the  
outskirts of Baraume, on the north and  
south of which important gains were made,  
while the prisoners had increased to nearly  
20,000.

ANOTHER THRUST.  
Giving the bewildered enemy no rest, on  
Monday Sir Douglas Haig delivered an  
offensive further north, east of Arras, in  
the Scarpe sector. Valuable positions on  
high ground were taken in the first rush,  
and on both sides of the Somme further  
advances were made.

The news we write is that the  
Germans are making repeated counter-  
attacks, but our progress is not even  
arrested, and the positions gained include  
the famous High Wood, the scene of much  
desperate fighting in 1916.

A REMARKABLE COMPARISON.  
A remarkable comparison of the results  
achieved in this and the Somme offensive  
of 1916 shows that in four days 116  
square miles of territory were won, as com-  
pared with 44 square miles in the four  
months of 1916. The British casualties in  
the four days were just over 23,000. In  
prisoners alone the Germans lost nearly 20,000.  
The British have been pushing up new  
back to the celebrated Hindenburg line; it  
remains to be seen whether Marshal Foch  
will allow them to settle there, or whether  
he has other and greater surprises in store.

FURTHER SUCCESSES.  
WEDNESDAY.  
The news gets better and better. On  
Tuesday the Germans brought up new  
divisions, including the Prussian Guards,  
who delivered fierce counter-attacks. The  
only result was heavy losses for the enemy,  
for the British troops continued to make  
striking progress, no less than 17 towns,  
villages and heights, including such places  
as Longueval and Delville Wood, being  
taken. Many prisoners were taken in  
addition to the 21,000 which Sir Douglas  
Haig reported had been captured since  
August 21st.

ROYE CAPTURED.  
The French also did well on Tuesday,  
making an advance of 2½ miles on a 12½  
mile front. Roye was their most important  
capture.

"ONLY THE START."  
CONFIDENT PROPHECY OF MORE  
PROGRESS BY THE ALLIES.

PARIS, Saturday.  
The "Evenement" says: "The operations  
we are at present conducting, though con-  
siderable, are only preparatory.  
Their object is to place us in such a  
strategic situation that when we reach the  
moment chosen by our command for the  
decisive manoeuvre the latter may promptly  
obtain concrete advantages assuring its  
victorious development."

"All goes well," declared Marshal Foch  
on Friday evening to a party of war cor-  
respondents whom he received in his office at  
General Headquarters.  
"You have been able to observe," said  
Foch, who spoke with the smile of a happy  
and satisfied man, "that the operations  
undertaken by us since July 18 have de-  
veloped very well."

"We shall continue them, although I  
have no desire to prophesy about the  
future. Realities are of much better value  
than fair promises. Acts alone count."  
The British troops are splendid," added  
Foch. "See the advance they have made  
to-day: in spite of the heat they continue  
to progress."  
M. Marcel Hittin, in the "Echo de Paris,"  
says: "The enemy, under repeated blows,  
can no longer escape from the grip of the  
Allies. Our pressure will not weaken."  
The enemy has still twenty-four fresh  
divisions. It is not with these that he can  
hope to make good.  
Pershing's Army has not yet entirely  
joined in the game.—Exchange.

WADEBRIDGE.  
Wadebridge Urban Prisoners of War  
Fund, organised by Messrs. Lander (chair-  
man), Rickard, and Wellington, assisted by  
ladies of the district, amounts to £48.

## THE LATE SEC-LIEUT. W. F. MAKER.

FUNERAL AT CALLINGTON.

The respect in which Sec-Lieut. William  
Femley Maker, R.A.F., who met with his  
death while flying in the southern area, was  
held was manifested on Thursday of last  
week at Callington, his native town, when  
he was buried in the cemetery  
by the side of his father, Mr.  
W. Maker, who died about three  
years ago. Practically the whole town was  
represented (says the "Western Morning  
News"), and perhaps one of the most  
striking testimonies was an elaborate  
wreath, "In loving memory and deepest  
sympathy from his life-long neighbours."  
Deceased was a local preacher of the Wes-  
leyan Methodist Church, and was studying  
for the ministry at Cliff College when, about  
two and a half years ago, he voluntarily  
joined up. He had been secretary of the  
Sunday-school at Callington, and assistant-  
overseer of the parish.

The chief mourners were: Mrs. Maker  
(mother), Mr. Claude Maker (brother), Miss  
E. Rickard (niece), Mr. and Mrs. J. Maker  
(uncle and aunt), Messrs. Leslie and Law-  
rence Maker (cousins), Mr. S. Pearce,  
Camelford (nephew), Mr. H. Bickel and Miss  
A. Diggle, Launceston (cousins), and Mr. P.  
Bickle, London (uncle).

Others present included Capt. P. W.  
Wagstaff (Australian Engineer), Sec-Lieut.  
Hughes, Sec-Lieut. Bishop, Dr. Davis, Capt.  
Bennett, Messrs. S. Skinner (vice-chairman  
of the Urban District Council), W. Blight  
(clerk), Dr. H. Davis (medical officer),  
J. H. Richards (surveyor), W. Pomeroy  
(Chief Ranger of the local Foresters' Court,  
of which deceased was a member, and other  
members, who acted as bearers), J. Jago  
secretary, L.O. Rechabites, J. Ham (N.G.,  
Chidellows), W. Lucas (treasurer, Bristol  
and West of England Friendly Society), J. W.  
Lawry (representing the local preachers),  
R. Hancock, J. P. Blight, S. G. Hartnoll  
(manager, F.D. and S.W. Railway), R.  
Triggar (stationmaster), R. Petrick (chief  
clerk), G. Andrews, Stephens (Kelly Bray),  
W. F. Rogers, J. Hockaday (South Hill), C.  
Filer, A. Lewis, A. Weaving, W. Vosper,  
J. Pearce, J. Richards, C. Skinner, Mr. and  
Mrs. Philip Gentle (representing Ebenezer  
Wesleyan Circuit, Plymouth), Messrs. F.  
Golding, J. Dawe, J. Biscoe, J. Rice,  
W. Mutton, W. Budge, Jas. Causley, J.  
Venning, W. B. Dawe, W. Harris, and R.  
Trevelthick (Doxgate Consols).

The coffin was taken into the Wesleyan  
Church, where the service was taken by the  
Rev. Wesley Hughes (Wesleyan) and the  
Rector (the Rev. Foster Morris), who also  
later shared in the committal service at the  
grave. The rostrum was draped in black,  
with a cross of laurel leaves in the centre.  
Mr. R. Rosewarne played as the cortege  
entered and left the chapel, and the hymns,  
"Now the labourer's task is o'er" and  
"Rock of ages," were sung.

The Rev. W. Hughes said he felt that the  
tragic and pathetic circumstances associated  
with the death of their young friend  
demanded from him a few words. He  
wanted to cast a few flowers on his grave.  
Perhaps he knew Femley Maker better than  
many in the congregation—the secrets of his  
heart, his ambitions, and his desires in life.  
Beautiful conversations with him from time  
to time had enabled him to see the best side  
of his nature. He was a true Christian,  
pure, true, and brave to the end. He had  
given his life for his King and country, the  
great cause for which the Allied nations  
were struggling, and for those who were  
present that day. They were there to do  
honour to his memory. They thanked God  
that Femley Maker was given to them, and  
from the depths of their hearts they ex-  
pressed sympathy with the bereaved mother  
and relatives.

DELABOLE NOTES.  
PRESENTATION.

In the St. John's Room, Delabole, on  
Saturday, Mr. H. Godbeer presided over a  
gathering of church people, when, on behalf  
of the inhabitants of Delabole, Rev. K. and  
Mrs. Pollock were presented with an  
electro-plated tray, suitably inscribed, on  
the occasion of their leaving for Mevagissey.  
Mr. J. Haley (churchwarden), in making  
the presentation, remarked that they were  
sorry they were losing Mr. and Mrs. Pollock.  
They had got on well with them, and he  
hoped they would get on as well in their  
new sphere. Mr. W. G. Lobb (electrifier) said  
a few words of appreciation of the work  
done in the parish during the past 15 years.  
—Rev. C. D. Kingdon (priest in  
charge, "Tatler") said he was  
sorry they were losing the Vicar. He  
(the speaker) had not been there long,  
but they had got on very comfortably  
together.—In thanking them for the gift,  
Mr. Pollock said he was in a sense sorry  
they were leaving Delabole, but he was not  
going very far away. He hoped to see them  
again in the future. Delabole would always  
have a warm place in his heart.

THE NEW VICAR.  
On Sunday Rev. K. Pollock, in the course  
of his farewell sermon at Delabole, said the  
Rev. H. Edwards, formerly of St. George's,  
Truro, and at one time at Porthminster, had  
accepted the living of St. Teath, and would  
reach at Delabole. Mr. Edwards has also  
held an appointment in Canada.

Winter Milk Prices.

Paignton Food Control Committee on  
Monday received a letter stating that in con-  
sequence of the increased cost of production  
prices of milk must necessarily be higher  
than those of last winter. While the Con-  
troller would prefer to fix varying prices for  
various areas, based on the cost of produc-  
tion in those areas, such a system had been  
found impracticable, and accordingly he  
found himself obliged to continue, at least  
for the coming winter, to fix a wholesale  
price to producers throughout the country.  
If any system of differential rates could be  
devised, the Controller would consider it  
adoption.

A monster potato, King Edward variety,  
weighing 2½ lbs. 9ozs., grown on a Sheffield  
war allotment, has been lifted by a local  
munition worker. There were 37 tubers  
attached to the root.  
Rice was thrown over the bride and bride-  
groom at a gipsy wedding at Wallis Down  
(Dorset), and two women were afterwards  
fined for waste.

## Public Notices.

**STANDARD  
CLOTHING.**

We have received a  
delivery of

**Men's Standard Suits**  
IN  
**Grey & Brown Tweeds.**

Government Fixed Price,  
**57s. 6d.,**  
Strictly Cash on Delivery.

**YOUTHS' AND BOYS'  
SUITS**  
Will be on Sale shortly.

**BESPOKE TAILORING**

**STANDARD CLOTHS**  
made up to measure,  
In Navy, Black, Browns,  
and Greys,  
Price: 97s. 6d.

**TRELEAVEN**  
and Son, Ltd.,  
LAUNCESTON.

Our photographs are  
more than good photo-  
graphs—they are true  
portraits, bringing out  
all that's best in charac-  
ter and individuality.

Make your appoint-  
ments now

**BRIMMELL BROS.**  
CASTLE STUDIO,  
LAUNCESTON.

**NOTICE!**

All Mineral Water Bottles, Syphons,  
or Ale Bottles, marked **Geake**  
**Bros., or J. S. Eyre & Co.,** are  
the property of the Firm. All Bottles,  
Syphons, and Boxes should be returned  
when empty. Any persons break-  
ing or throwing away  
such Bottles or Syphons  
are liable to prosecution.

**CASTLE DYKE, LAUNCESTON.**



LAUNCESTON  
BOARD OF GUARDIANS.RESIGNATION OF MASTER AND  
MATRON.

At a meeting of the Launceston Board of Guardians on Saturday, Mr. E. G. Baron Lethbridge, J.P., presided, and there were also present: Mr. G. Lobb, J.P. (vice chairman), Mrs. Lawrence Ching, Messrs. W. H. Nettle, J.P., J. Couch, C.C., J. Wills, W. Goodman, J. Dennis, W. R. Radford, W. Wise, W. P. Lacey, W. Proust, J. Phillips, T. Mitten, R. P. Pearce, F. Kemner, the Clerk (Mr. T. J. Llewellyn), the Relieving Officers (Messrs. G. T. Perkins and W. Metherell), and the Master (Mr. J. Williams).

## OUT-RELIEF.

Mr. Perkins (north district) reported that 43 persons were in receipt of out-relief, as against 49 in the corresponding period; Mr. Metherell's figures (south district) being 49 against 52.

## MASTER'S BOOK.

The Master reported the number of inmates during the last four weeks as follows: 51, 50, 49, 48.

It was reported that the inmates were entertained at the tennis ground on August 23rd by invitation of Mrs. Ching, Mrs. Lewis, and others. After tea, various sports were indulged in. Tobacco and sweets were given by Mr. Gifford, and a most enjoyable time was spent. It was further reported that papers and periodicals for the inmates had been sent by Mrs. Ching, Mrs. Trood, Col. Oxley, and the Salvation Army. Votes of thanks were passed in each case.

## BELGIAN COMMITTEE'S THANKS.

The Belgian Refugees' Committee wrote thanking the Guardians for the generous response to the appeal for financial help, the sum of £110 3s. 8d. having been paid in by Mr. Wise.

The Chairman said he was glad they had made the appeal such a success, and they were obliged to Mr. Wise for acting for them.

## "CAMOUFLAGE."

Devon County Council wrote that the name of the Devon County Asylum was to be changed to that of the Devon Mental Hospital.

Mr. Couch asked what effect the change would have on the nation of the inmates in the institution.

The Chairman: It is more soothing. The Clerk: It is what they call camouflage.

## REGRETTED RESIGNATIONS.

Mr. J. Williams wrote that as he had been appointed steward of the City of Westminster Infirmary at Hendon, Mr. Williams and himself wished to be released from their duties as temporary Master and Matron. He expressed thanks for the consideration received from the Board, and said they would always remember with pleasure the two years they had been there, though at times working under difficulties owing to war conditions.

The Chairman said he was sure he was expressing the feelings of the Board when he said he congratulated Mr. and Mrs. Williams on the success attending their efforts to better themselves. (Hear, hear.) They had given the Board every satisfaction—(Hear, hear)—and would have to be very lucky during the interregnum while Mr. Starr was with the colours to be able to put their hands on anybody who filled the places so successfully as Mr. and Mrs. Williams had done. (Hear, hear.) They would leave Launceston with the Board's best wishes.

It was unanimously decided to grant Mr. and Mrs. Williams a testimonial, the Chairman remarking that if Mr. Williams could secure such an appointment as he had without a testimonial, what would he do with one?

As to the future, the Clerk said he had heard the suggestion from the Master that Mrs. Starr would be willing and that she would be quite capable of carrying on as temporary Master and Matron until her husband returned, provided the Board would appoint a male porter. For this post there might be a chance of getting a discharged soldier with a first-class conduct sheet. If Mrs. Starr took the duties of Master and Matron there would have to be a reorganisation of the infirmary, where she now acted as nurse, but she would be willing to place her services at the disposal of the infirmary in any midwifery or difficult cases. All that would then be necessary would be to get a second probationer to keep up the staff of the infirmary.

The Chairman said Dr. Gibson had told him he thought he could put his hand on another probationer to work with Nurse Kerslake.

Mrs. Ching thought Mrs. Starr would have to be paid for any midwifery cases. They would really be economising, because they would not have to appoint another certificated nurse, and the porter or assistant master would not be paid the same as the Master. She thought the suggestion was a most excellent one, and would help them out of a difficulty.

Mr. Couch hoped if they advertised for a discharged soldier they would not do as other bodies had done, and ignore them.

It was decided to advertise for an assistant-master, preference to be given to a discharged soldier. With reference to the position of Master and Matron, Mrs. Starr appeared before the Board, and agreed to the proposal that she should be appointed at an inclusive salary of £45 a year.

## SALES OF POTATOES.

LICENCES FOR THE 1918  
CROP.

The Food Controller announced that as from Aug. 31st no person shall, except under licence, either on his own behalf or on behalf of any other person, sell or buy any potatoes of the 1918 crop grown in the United Kingdom, with the exception of sales and purchases of potatoes. The Order does not apply to potatoes of the first early varieties. The Food Controller has postponed the revocation of the licence of wholesale dealers in seed potatoes until Nov. 1st. Dealers will be able to trade under their existing licences until that date.

Mr. T. Kent, head porter, Haywards' Heath Station, has grown a cabbage weighing 14lbs.

## THE TAVISTOCK DIVISION.

UNIONIST COALITION CANDIDATE  
ADOPTED.

Mr. Charles Williams, of Greenway, South Devon, son of Mr. J. C. Williams, Lord Lieutenant of Cornwall, was on Friday selected as the Unionist and Coalition candidate for the Tavistock Division, in succession to Sir John Spear, M.P., who, owing to ill-health, will not again contest the division.

The choice of Mr. Williams was (says the Western Daily Mercury) made at a meeting of the Central Council of the Divisional Unionist Association, held in Tavistock Guildhall, under the chairmanship of Mr. E. W. Chittcott.

## TRIBUTE TO SIR JOHN SPEAR.

Before proceeding with the business which had called the delegates together, the Chairman paid a warm tribute to Sir John Spear. "I know," he said, "that I am voicing the feelings of every elector in our Parliamentary division when I say that it is with the most profound regret that we learnt that Sir John Ward Spear does not contemplate contesting another election. (Hear, hear.) When Sir John came among us as a candidate many years ago he had a large number of friends; since he has been our Member he has increased the number by thousands and thousands, and they include representatives of every political feeling we have in the country. The reason he has made so many friends is that everybody has realised that he has carried out his duties as Member of Parliament with the greatest integrity, and that he has been equally willing to voice the wishes of those who were with him in the election as well as those who may have preferred another candidate." (Hear, hear.)

He moved the following resolution: "That this meeting of Unionists in the Tavistock Division learns with profound regret that our distinguished representative in Parliament, Sir John Spear, M.P., has determined on grounds of ill-health to sever his honourable connection with the constituency at the coming General Election."

We desire to place on record our high appreciation of the splendid services he has so freely given to the Tavistock Division, and we sincerely hope that he will be spared for many years to continue the varied services which activities which he has so unselfishly rendered to his native county in the past."

## SIR JOHN'S REPLY.

The ecnium was enthusiastically endorsed, and Sir John, who received the warmest of greetings, acknowledged the compliment in an interesting speech.

I have tried according to my light and ability to prove faithful to the trust you have placed in my hands," he observed. "That I have occasionally failed I am well aware; at the same time I have tried to carry out the promises I made."

## AGRICULTURAL INTERESTS.

He knew that some people thought he was always advocating the interests of the rural districts, and was aware some reason for the complaint existed, but it arose from the fact that there were not a great number of men in the House of Commons who understood rural questions as intimately as he did, and that, therefore, he took every opportunity of putting his views before the House. But, he added, he advocated the interests of one class to the detriment of others.

Sir John proceeded to examine the pros and cons for a General Election in the near future, and advanced the view that it would be almost a pity to have a contest during the war.

## MR. WILLIAMS AND THE WAR.

Mr. Charles Williams then addressed the meeting. He had only one feeling regarding the war, he declared. No power on earth would induce him to stand as any kind of candidate for any division in the country except as a Coalition candidate, absolutely pledged to carry the war to a victorious conclusion, and to see that the nation that prepared for years to overthrow the Kaiser should suffer as she had made other people suffer.

"That is what I stand for," emphasised Mr. Williams. He then went on to deal with other questions that would arise when hostilities concluded. Regarding agriculture, he had always believed that it was the duty of Parliament to do everything possible to lighten the direct burdens placed upon the agricultural community, and, generally, to do everything to make agriculture prosperous. He strongly advocated security of tenure and an increased number of owners of land.

## FARMERS' MARKETS.

Another thing essential to farmers was their markets. Unless there were good markets close at hand, and good prices in those markets, they could not hope to succeed. He thought that almost without exception all would agree that in future the markets of the British farmer must be looked into, and his interests closely guarded and protected in every possible way. The position, too, of the agricultural labourer must be infinitely better than in the past.

He believed that in the future they must do more to guard and look after their own interests as Englishmen, and do all they possibly could to keep this country first of all for Englishmen. It was all very well to talk about naturalising the alien now, but he favoured looking after the alien pretty closely after the war and keeping an eye on alien trade. He was not at all certain that he should not like to see some strong policy in regard to another form of alienism which had a German heart in an English body.

## IN CONCLUSION.

In conclusion, he urged that those men who had suffered through the war should receive fair and adequate consideration, and be assured of fair and proper means of livelihood.

## THE ONLY JUSTIFICATION.

At the conclusion of his address Mr. Williams retired, and Sir John Spear thereupon proposed that he be invited to become the prospective Unionist and Coalition candidate for the next general election.

Sir Henry Lopes, who seconded, strongly deprecated a general election before the war was over. Nothing could justify an election at the present time except the suspicion that the Government were attempting to make with Germany terms which would defeat all the sacrifice and loss of treasure which this country had made during the last four years. He did not think, however, that there was the least suspicion of any such development.

The resolution, which was proposed by Messrs. J. Trevethen and A. E. Spender and Mrs. Gallie, was unanimously adopted. Mr. Williams, on being informed of this, cordially returned thanks for the honour conferred upon him.

## BUDE LIFEBOAT DAY.

## FOOD NOTES AND QUERIES.

This annual event took place on Thursday of last week, when a fair number of visitors came in for the day. The collectors got busy early, and sales of flags were brisk. In the afternoon the lifeboat was launched on the Canal, and taken through the locks to the sea, which was exceedingly calm, so there was no chance of showing the boat's capabilities.

In the evening the Parish Hall was packed with an enthusiastic audience to hear the concert arranged by Mrs. A. King. The hall and stage were decorated by Mr. Petrin, and the lighting was by Mr. W. Ashman, the combined result being much admired.

Mr. Allen Fry opened with piano-forte solos, and the appreciation of his playing was markedly reflected in the applause. Mr. Godfrey Claydon contributed songs, and was heartily cheered each time. Mr. Myrus Toms was cordially greeted as an old favourite of Bude and Budel, and his songs were much enjoyed. Mr. Lionel French (by kind permission of the officer commanding R.N. Air Station, Bude), with songs at the piano, and selections from his repertoire, kept the audience in roars of laughter, certainly proving himself a thorough master of his craft, and his name on a programme in future will ensure a good attendance. The concluding item was a sketch, "Number 17," capably acted by Misses E. Watkins and Ruth Bevan. The piano was kindly lent by Mrs. King.

The full programme was as follows:—Piano-forte solo, (a) Prelude in E minor (op. 25) (Mendelssohn), (b) Fantasia-Improvisation (op. 66) (Chopin), Mr. Allen Fry; song, "When shadows gather" (Ch. Marshall), Mrs. Godfrey Claydon; song, "If I might come to you," Mr. Myrus Toms; violin solo, "Mazurka" (Elgar), Miss Honor Dunn; songs at the piano, selections from his repertoire, Mr. Lionel French; song, "Blackbird" (Cyril Scott), Mrs. Streeter Lambert; piano-forte solo, "Rigoletto" (Paganini), Mr. Allen Fry; song, "Homing" (Teresa del Riego), Mrs. Streeter Lambert; song, "Myrus Toms"; violin solo, "Chanson de Nuit" (Elgar), Miss Honor Dunn; song, "The Promise of Life" (Cowan), Mrs. Godfrey Claydon; selections from his repertoire, Mr. Lionel French; sketch, "Number Seventeen," characters: Miss Maria Jones, Miss G. Watkins; Locella, Miss Ruth Bevan.

During the interval Mr. W. J. Graver, in the regretted absence, through illness, of Mr. W. W. Petherick (the secretary of the Lifeboats Committee and the Shipwrecked Mariners' Society), gave statistics of the grand work the Lifeboat Institution is doing, and asked the audience, as the usual case could not be held, to contribute all they could, so that the Bude station should continue as always, self-supporting. This collection realised over £2—Hoopla! had a busy time, and took over £25. All congratulations on making the day a financial record, the result being the raising of £110, after deducting expenses.

THE BLACKBERRY  
HARVEST.ORDER FIXING RETAIL PRICE AT  
4s. PER LB.

An Order which came into force on Wednesday prohibits the use of blackberries except for the purpose of food or the manufacture of articles of food. The Order fixes maximum prices:—On sales to a jam manufacturer, £42 per ton (i.e., 42d. per lb.), and on sale by retail at 4s. per lb. No charge may be made by retailers for delivery.

The main object is to secure the largest possible quantity of blackberries for jam manufacturers, this course being rendered necessary by the serious shortage of other kinds of fruit, and the heavy demands for the Navy and Army.

The reason for fixing the retail price at a slightly lower figure than the price which jam manufacturers may pay, rather than prohibiting the use of blackberries, is to secure the maximum quantity of fruit for jam, and at the same time to allow picked fruit to be consumed locally where transport facilities to the jam manufacturers are not readily available.

The Order does not apply to the variety known as cut leaf blackberries, to canned, dried, or preserved blackberries, to sales by a caterer, or until further notice to sales or purchases in Ireland for use or consumption in Ireland.

SCHOOL CHILDREN TO PICK THE  
FRUIT.

The Board of Education is giving every assistance to the Ministry of Food in the organising and picking and collecting of blackberries. The Board is putting its inspectors into touch with the Divisional Food Commissioners, with a view to making local arrangements for the picking of the fruit, and soon there will be pleasant scenes over the countryside of groups of school-children gathering in the treasure of the hedgerows. The Scotch Education Department is giving similar assistance.

The problem is to provide enough jam to meet the requirements of the forces and of the civil population. The collection of blackberries has therefore become, in Mr. Clyne's opinion, of paramount importance. Mr. Prothero has arranged for the services of the horticultural committees and the marketing organisations of the Food Production Department to be used in the organisation of transport and the provision of employment. It is now likely that the soldier's ration of jam will be reduced from 21oz. per head to 14oz.

KILKHAMPTON CHEESE  
SCHOOL.

The Kilkhampton classes of the Cornwall Cheese School finished a successful course in an effort on behalf of the Red Cross. By permission of Mrs. Thyme, the proceedings were held at Penstow, and consisted of a sale of cheese (the milk being given for the purpose), a tea, and sale of fruit and vegetables. The net proceeds amounted to over £42. Miss Tranter gave an exhibition of the cooking of various cheese dishes, and the pupils, under the superintendence of Miss Tregea, gave an excellent demonstration of cheese-making.

Mr. W. Waddon Martyn acted as chairman, and Mrs. Thyme presented certificates of proficiency to the following: Mesdames E. M. Metherell, M. Cory, A. I. Allen, G. A. Hoey, M. Heywood, E. Blyth, R. G. Cleave, L. Matthews, C. Cleave, L. Blyth, S. Colwill, and Misses Ivy Allen, Janie Heywood, D. M. Richards, Elsie Banbury, M. Cleave, G. Ashton, A. Shephard, B. Littlejohns, Mrs. Cleave, Richard Metherell, and Mrs. Metherell.

A presentation was made to Miss Tregea, the teacher, in token of the appreciation by the class of her work.

Employment of Ex-Service  
Men.

Mr. John Hodge, opening at Coventry an exhibition connected with the welfare of disabled soldiers, said he was in favour of making it compulsory for employers to take back the men for whom they had promised to find employment when they joined up, and who had since become disabled. Money would not stand in the way of doing everything possible for our disabled fighting men.

## Fewer Trains.

The Press Association learns that an important scheme for the rationalisation of the railway system is being considered by the Government. It is proposed to suspend all long-distance passenger services which are to be still further affected.

## No Jam Rationing Yet.

Although there is more jam now available than the Food Ministry expected when the ration of one ounce per week per person was foreshadowed in Parliament recently, the amount cannot yet be stated. In some parts of the country the fruit season has turned out rather better than the first estimates promised, but there is a shortage all the same. Owing to the difficulties of setting up the somewhat complicated machinery, the rationing of jam (says "The Daily Express") need not be expected for a month or two.

## 2d. a Pound on Meat.

The price of meat, it is understood, will be increased by 2d. in the pound early in September. Mr. Clynes, the Food Controller, has arrived at this decision with reluctance, but unless the country's meat supply is to be subsidised no other course is open to the Food Controller. Of this 2d. at least 1d. is to be attributed to the increased cost of imported machinery, and the extra price to be paid to the farmer, and 1d. to increases in distribution and other charges.

## Items.

From September 1st the actual price of shelled sweet peas to be 1s. 6d. per lb. Eggs are to be graded by weight in two classes, and the maximum prices will be shortly fixed.

The Army allowance of 21oz. of jam per man weekly is to be reduced, so as to increase the amount available for the civilian ration.

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## GROWING MORE FOOD.

## MARTYN AND Co.

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Old Town Street, PLYMOUTH.







## NOTES BY THE WAY.

At the time of writing the news from the Western Front, where the greatest battle of the war is being fought, continues to be of the most satisfactory nature. The beaten German armies are being thrust back to the once famous Hindenburg line—at one point, indeed, the British are through it—and the next few days should be very momentous, for it will soon be revealed whether or not Marshal Foch will allow the enemy to dig himself in along this line, or whether he will force the pace to such an extent that the Huns will find it imperative to retreat still further—always, of course, "according to plan." As we write, the Germans are putting up a strong resistance in the vital sectors around Bapaume and east of Arras, for they know that the breaking of the line there may lead to a debacle, but further south they have definitely given way to French pressure, and are retreating over a wide front.

Last week-end, as we hinted at in our previous issue, brought some striking changes in the appearance of the map, and we shall be much surprised if the coming week-end does not follow suit. In this connection we note that one correspondent—usually well informed—expresses the view that Marshal Foch has no intention of relaxing the hold he has on the German movements, and the opinion in military circles is that we may look for some very important developments in the next few days. It must be borne in mind that there are great reserves of force on the Allied side which as yet it has not been found necessary to bring into play, but when the Allied strategists decide that the time is ripe for moving these additional "pieces" into something's going to happen. The Germans know this quite well, but what they don't know is just when and where these developments will take place.

We notice that Mrs. Dacre Fox, who is to speak at Launceston on the alien menace, addressed a great demonstration in Hyde Park on Saturday, one of the results of which was the handing in of a petition bearing over a million signatures to the Prime Minister, calling for the internment of all aliens of enemy blood.

We have received a copy of an Australian illustrated journal, the "Sydney Mail," which is of special interest to Launcestonians. Three of its pages are devoted to remarkable series of portraits of no fewer than fifty-seven descendants of Captain Gidley King, third Governor of New South Wales, all of whom have been or are engaged in the great world-war. Accompanying these portraits is a reproduction of a water-colour painting of a group of Governor King himself, his wife, and their three children. Launceston's interest in the matter lies in the fact—well known, of course, to many of our readers—that Governor King was one of Launceston's most famous sons. Philip Gidley King—to give him his full name—was born at Launceston on April 23, 1778, his father being Mr. Philip King, a draper of the town, and his mother a daughter of John Gidley, a shipowner of Exeter. Choosing a naval career, he did so well in his profession that he accompanied Captain Phillip on his first voyage to the famous "first fleet" which sailed for Australia in May, 1787, and arrived at Botany Bay in January, 1788. He and Captain Phillip were among the most prominent of early Australian pioneers, and Captain King was selected by Phillip as first Governor of the settlement at Norfolk Island. In 1800 he became Governor of New South Wales itself, retaining that position until his return to England in 1806. Two years later he died at Tooting at the age of 49.

LAUNCESTON'S direct interest in one whose career—the "Sydney Mail" says—is known to every New South Wales schoolboy, is carried on to the next generation from the circumstance that Capt. Gidley King's only son—Philip Parker King—became a Rear-Admiral, and by his survey work on the coasts of Australia and South America, gained a place in the first rank of hydrographers—returned to the old town for his wife, marrying in 1817. Harriett, daughter of Mr. Christopher Lethbridge, of Madford, Governor King's two daughters married Mr. Hamish H. Macarthur and Mr. Robert Copland Lethbridge, and the Sydney paper remarks that these three families—the Kings, Macarthurs, and Lethbridges—have played a prominent part in the development of the country. They are, we may add, families which are still honoured as much in the country of their origin as in that of their adoption, and it is with especial pleasure that we note among the portraits of the soldier descendants of the old Governor several bearing the names of Lethbridge and Baron Lethbridge.

A PRELIMINARY statement, based on agricultural returns collected up to June, was issued this week by the Board of Agriculture. The total arable area in England and Wales this year is 12,398,720 acres, representing an increase of 10 per cent. over 1917, and the largest arable area returned for over twenty years. The greater part of the ploughed-up grass land has been placed under wheat and oats. Thus wheat sown on 2,556,740 acres shows an increased area of 33 per cent., the acreage being the largest since 1889. Oats, covering 2,778,060 acres, are 23 per cent. more than last year. Barley, rye, beans, and peas also show an increased acreage. Potatoes have increased by 25 per cent., the acreage of 633,840 being the largest on record. The area reserved for hay, amounting to not quite 52 million acres, is 730,000 acres less than last year, and the smallest since 1881. There are 3,000 more horses on agricultural holdings. The total of cows and heifers in milk or in calf is 2,678,000, or 115,000 more than last year, and nearly 100,000 above the previous highest record. Beef cattle, however, show a decline, and sheep and pigs represent the smallest number ever kept.

## Mainly Personal.

Mr. C. E. Lees, B.Sc., A.C.P., etc., has been appointed Acting Headmaster of the Sir James Smith's Grammar School, Camelford, and will take up his duties on the re-opening of the school. Mr. Lees, who is a graduate of the Birmingham University, comes to Camelford with excellent recom-

mendations, from Professor Charles Lapworth, M.Sc., LL.D., F.R.S., and Professor J. H. Poynting, D.Sc., F.R.S. He has had some years' experience in technical classes in Cheshire and Wiltshire, and recently has been a supply teacher under the Cornwall Education Committee.

## HOLSWORTHY NOTES AND NEWS.

The newly-appointed United Methodist ministers commenced their duties in the circuit on Sunday, and were favoured with good congregations.

Mrs. Woodall sang a sacred solo at the evening service at the Wesleyan Chapel on Sunday.

At the market on Wednesday prices were as follows: Slips 40s to 60s, suckers 25s to 35s, ducks 1s 6d per lb, chickens 1s 4d, butter 2s 2d, eggs 4s 6d per dozen, rabbits 9d to 1s 3d each, cauliflowers 2d each, tomatoes 1s 3d per lb, plums 1s 6d to 2s, apples 8d.

A flag day in aid of the London and South-Western Railway Orphanage, organised at Holworthy by Mr. A. Balch, stationmaster, realised £114 17s 6d. The collectors were: Miss Percy, £3 12s 8d; Miss E. Moore, £2 6s 9d; Mrs. James Piper, £1 19s 7d; Miss Dorothy Balch, £1 3s 3d; Miss Rachel Kellaway, £1; Misses Piper and Heard, 18s 6d; Mrs. Muriel Kendall, 17s 6d; Mrs. Beard, 17s 2d; Miss Griffith, 14s 3d; Mrs. Wilcock and Miss White, 11s 10d; Mrs. Johns, 9s; Miss Ellis and Miss Frapp, 6s 9d.

## STRATTON NOTES &amp; NEWS.

Home on leave have been: Major Lyle, Res. J. Bromell, F. Brent, and J. Medland (Australian F.C.), and T. Colwell—all "old boys."

Corpl. Leighton Saunders, second son of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Saunders, of Bridge Street, and now serving with the D.C.L.I. in Palestine, has recently been awarded his third stripe. Congratulations to the worthy sergeant—our "old boy."

Mrs. Cleave, who is doing war gardening in the absence on service of her son, Mr. George Cobblecluck, has dug a prolific stalk of potatoes, three of which, out of many others, turned the scale at 3½lb.

Mr. E. P. Budd of Townsend, has received the sad intelligence that his eldest sister, Mrs. Haydon, of Newark, U.S.A., a former visitor to Stratton, has died almost suddenly, and the police sympathise with her and her friends deeply.

Mr. W. W. Rattenbury, third son of the late Mr. W. F. Rattenbury, of Fore Street, and for many years in business in London, has been informed that his two sons serving in arms have come to grief. One (Reggie) being reported missing, and the other (Bert) killed. We sympathise fully with the bereaved father and friends.

A photographic group of nine soldiers taken when in training at the Isle of Wight, and for many years in business in London, has been informed that his two sons serving in arms have come to grief. One (Reggie) being reported missing, and the other (Bert) killed. We sympathise fully with the bereaved father and friends.

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## CAMELFORD NOTES &amp; NEWS.

The France's Day appeal made by Mr. Wakefield, assisted by friends in the parishes, resulted in £22 2s 6d being collected: Lanteglos and Advent £21 17s 6d, Tintagel (per Mr. White) £17 10s 1d, Boscawen (Mr. Mitchell) £10 15s, Delabole (Miss Hall and Mr. G. E. Ash) £7 11s 6d, Otterham, St. Juliot, and Lescoweth (Mr. Popplestone) £7 8s, St. Teath (Mr. W. Parsons) £6 18s 1d, St. Broward (Mr. Cole) £5 4s, St. Davidston (Mrs. Kent) £2 6s, Michaelston (Mrs. Balday) £2 5s 6d, Trevalga (Mrs. Boney) £2 10s, St. Cleather (Rev. H. Johnson) £1 13s.

The District Council held a special meeting to consider the condition of St. Brevard school, where the diphtheria outbreak in that parish. The Clerk, after reading a letter from Dr. Clark, county M.O.H., said that he (Dr. Clark) appeared to agree with the school managers that nothing more could be done—Mr. Rawlings said there was another case of diphtheria, and all lately seemed to be of children from the class at St. Brevard. Mr. H. L. Coward, M.O.H., said that he (Dr. Clark) appeared to agree with the school managers that nothing more could be done—Mr. Rawlings said there was another case of diphtheria, and all lately seemed to be of children from the class at St. Brevard. Mr. H. L. Coward, M.O.H., said that he (Dr. Clark) appeared to agree with the school managers that nothing more could be done—Mr. Rawlings said there was another case of diphtheria, and all lately seemed to be of children from the class at St. Brevard. Mr. H. L. 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## NOTES ON THE LAND.

[FROM THE FOOD PRODUCTION DEPARTMENT.]

## "WAR ON THE WART."

A certain amount of unmerited attention has been given by a few journals to the letter of a correspondent headed "War on the wart." In the letter in question it is stated that "there is only one way to deal with the trouble of wart, and that is to grow the seed from the berry; the seed so grown will be immune from disease for about four years."

The evidence unfortunately is all against this facile theory, and the statement above quoted does not bear the test of experiment. There would be serious practical difficulties in pursuing the course suggested, even if there were grounds for assuming that it might give satisfactory results. As a matter of fact, one of the things demonstrated by the Ormskirk potato trials, organised by the Board of Agriculture, is that seedlings from susceptible varieties such as President, Up-to-date, and British Queen invariably take wart disease in the first or second year. This is not mere speculation or argument from a single test. It has been proved by repeated tests on such potatoes as General—white—a seedling from President; Drumhead—a seedling from Up-to-date; and Robson—a British Queen seedling. The Food Production Department is extremely anxious to discover any method likely to help in checking the growing menace of wart disease.

## EARLY PLOUGHING OF STUBBLES.

The desirability of securing a clean and early seed bed for autumn-sown corn by early ploughing of the stubbles is impressed upon farmers by the Food Production Department. It is pointed out that, although spraying has been done on a fairly large scale in game preserving areas for some years past, this is the first suggestion that has been made against it as a danger to bird-life. The experts of the Food Production Department deny that grouse could be injured by the one per cent. solution of sulphate of copper and soda crystals recommended by the Department for potato spraying.

## Some Allotment Notes.

## SEED SOWING.

**AUTUMN ONIONS.**—The time has now arrived to sow autumn onions. Turnips.—Make a sowing on any spare ground from which a crop has been cleared. First stir the ground over with a hoe to level it, and clear away weeds; then sow the seed thinly in shallow drills, eighteen inches apart. Dust over with a sprinkling of lime.

**GRASS CROPS.**—Continue to make small sowings of spinnach for winter use where ground becomes available. A second sowing of cabbage for spring use should now be made, choosing as the seed bed for a small plot of ground that has not been manured recently. Break down the surface into level, and sow the seeds broadcast, but thinly. Afterwards give them a good dusting of fine wood ash before finally covering the seed lightly with fine soil, as this ash helps to keep off the insect pests. Some use mortar rubble finely crushed for this purpose. There is little to choose between the two. Take steps to protect the seed against the ravages of birds in some way or other, such as covering the plot with netting.

## PLANTING.

Continue planting out coleworts, savoy, etc., and also lettuce and endive on firm soil, so that the growth made may be sturdy. If liquid or poultry manure is available, make full use of it for all established and semi-established crops.

## WORK FOR THE WEEK.

**MULCHING AND WATERING.**—With every appearance of a spell of warm, dry weather prevailing, a spell of mulching between the rows of late peas and beans should be applied without delay. In addition to this, they should be given a thorough soaking with water at least once a week. For mulching, where farmyard manure is not available, such things as leaf-mould, burnt refuse, or lawn mowings are good substitutes. The important point is to apply the mulch before the plants begin to suffer from lack of moisture.

**HORNS.**—Keep the hoo going amongst seedling crops and others.

**SPINACH.**—Take all potato haulms as the crop is lifted, together with weeds and any other rubbish to the heap reserved for such matter, and burn during spells of dry weather.

**AUTUMN CAULIFLOWERS.**—Strong sunshine following upon dull, wet weather has a tendency to cause the protecting leaves of autumn cauliflowers to droop just as the heads are forming. To overcome this, advantage, gather all the outer leaves of the plants carefully around the centres to a point, and lightly tie them together with some soft material as raffia, so as to protect the heads from the sun. Much better heads will result from this simple practice, and the season of use will be consequently prolonged.

**SECOND EARLY POTATOES.**—These should now be lifted without delay.

## HARVEST IN THE WEST.

The Food Production Department's report as to the harvest in the West is very satisfactory. In Somerset there is every prospect of "a most successful harvest." Crops are very satisfactory in Devon, and harvest work very forward. In Cornwall "One very satisfactory feature is the extraordinarily good crops on the newly-ploughed grass hold, and also the cleanliness of the stubble where crops have been grown on old leys or permanent pasture ploughed up," says the Commissioner. "This, I hope, will encourage the breaking of the class of land for next year's harvest."

Contrary to early impressions, it is now generally believed that the main crop of potatoes in the West will be rather above than below average; the same remark applies to mangolds; and there is plenty of keep.

## ALLOTMENTS IN DEVON.

Seventy-five per cent. of the 800 householders at Tavistock have gardens which are being utilised for food growing, says the Food Production Department. In addition, more than half the householders have allotments, averaging over one-twelfth of an acre apiece. At Axminster about 60 per cent. of the 150 householders are on the kitchen gardens; 30 per cent. of them are also allotment-holders with about 10 poles each.

## CHURCH COAL ECONOMY.

DAYLIGHT SERVICES PROPOSAL NOT FAVOURABLY RECEIVED.

The suggestion has been made in the order to save gas and electricity, church services should be held during the winter in the afternoon instead of the evenings. On the subject "The Daily News" has received the following message from Dr. Diggle, the Bishop of Carlisle:—

Local circumstances vary so greatly that local authorities in such matters are the best judges, but, speaking generally, in a crisis like the present, whenever fuel can be saved by alterations of hours of public worship, these alterations ought to be made.

Dr. Pollock, Bishop of Norwich, writes:—

In Norfolk Military Lighting Orders due to hostile aircraft have in many cases in recent winter necessitated a curfew service. But, speaking generally, this leads to diminution of congregation, for evening service much better suits the habits of the people.

The suggestion does not find any large degree of favour in London. The prevailing opinion was summed up by the Rev. F. B. Meyer, who said:—"I do not think that the proposed arrangement would appreciably alter the consumption of gas, because inevitably the church premises would be used during the evenings for gatherings of young people and others who cannot find accommodation in their lodgings or overcrowded homes. It is of the utmost importance that nothing should be done to minimise the spirit of religion, which undoubtedly is on the increase, and naturally associates the church or chapel with its exercise. Any reduction that may be exacted of the churches and chapels should apply equally to certain think, to music-halls and places of amusement. For if it is necessary to maintain the spirit of courage and hope in the people by these entertainments, it is equally important to maintain it by the spirit of religion."

## Economy in the Grate.

The Coal Controller's Committee has held its first meeting to consider the best means of adapting old-fashioned iron grates to avoid unnecessary waste of coal. The Committee does not propose to deal with the question of new grates. Its intention is to find the best means of adapting existing grates at a very low cost. An expert witness declared that every household in England could contribute to the economy campaign in its own home. One of the simplest means of avoiding extravagant grates was the placing of firebricks or tiles at the back and sides of the grate, thereby reducing its capacity by about one-quarter. He explained that the bricks form a trap to catch the heat which otherwise escapes to the chimney, and radiates it from their exposed faces. Also he advocated the further economy of installing a false bottom in every grate.

## THE SALE OF CALVES.

The Calves (Sales) Order, made by the Food Controller, introduced from August 26th a new system of control regarding the sale and slaughter of calves. A calf may, however, be slaughtered only in a Government slaughter-house, except in cases where slaughter elsewhere on a farm is authorised by the Food Controller. Calves brought to a Government slaughter-house will be bought by a Government buyer, and calves slaughtered elsewhere than at a Government slaughter-house must, if intended for human consumption, be sold only to a Government buyer.

Prices paid by Government buyers will be as follows:—  
On the sale of a live calf, including offals, by dead weight, 1s. per lb. of weight of dressed carcass.  
Otherwise than by dead weight, £1 per head.

On the sale of a dead calf, including offals, 1s. 6d. per lb. of weight of dressed carcass.  
Including weight of head, skin, feet, and pluck.

The restrictions on the sale of veal having been removed by the Order, cashman retail prices for veal have been prescribed by the Food Controller, and came into operation on August 26th. These range from 7d. for knuckles to 1s. 10d. for veal cutlets.

## BRITISH FARMERS' RED CROSS FUND.

(To the Editor of the "Launceston Weekly News.")

DEAR SIR,—Red Cross work everywhere grows unceasingly, and to ensure that so long as we exist the sick and wounded of our splendid fighting forces shall be adequately provided for, involves the command of ever-greater funds. Last Autumn the cost was over £200,000 per week, and by the end of the year the weekly rate of expenditure exceeded £270,000. Today the cost of Red Cross work throughout the war areas abroad and at home is nearly £100,000 per week.

About fourteen hundred sales have been held for the Farmers' Fund, producing £254,000. A number are arranged for the near future, and it is earnestly hoped that districts that have not recently contributed will hold one this Autumn.

Offers of help will be gratefully received by the Secretary, Room 5, Tower Bridge Flour Mills, Shad Thames, Bermondsey, S.E.1.

Yours faithfully,

W. G. WILLCOX, Secretary.

Grand total to 16th Aug., 1918. 951,036 7 5  
Received this week ..... 3,355 10 10

Grand total to 23rd Aug., 1918. £954,391 18 3

Mr. H. Barber, Townsend Farm, Axbridge, has picked an ear of oats with 190 grains.

For using rye for thatching, Timothy Dawson, a farmer, was fined at Launceston £1, the magistrate reminding him that, in wasting grain in that way he was liable to a penalty of £100.

## A GALLANT ANZAC.

THE GRANDSON OF A CORNISHMAN.

The residents of Egloskaye, Wadebridge, will learn with pride of the gallantry of the descendant of a former Cornishman. The fact that the hero is the grandson of a Maori chieftain adds interest to the story. Captain H. K. Vercoe, D.S.O., D.C.M., is at present at the New Zealand Discharge Depot, Torquay, and a representative of the "Western Daily Mercury" has had an interesting chat with him.

Like all British officers, it was extremely difficult to induce Captain Vercoe to speak of his own achievements on the battlefield, but he could not say enough of the deeds of his splendid men, more especially on the cliffs of Gallipoli, where the first Maori contingent was badly cut up. This consisted of about 600 men, and contained 74 of Captain Vercoe's own tribe—the Apuama. It may be mentioned that the Maori number about 47,000 men, women, and children, and of these 3,000 are with the colours.

## MORE THAN ONE WOUND.

Naturally, the authorities in New Zealand are desirous of retaining representatives of this splendid race of men—splendid in their fighting qualities and splendid in their morals. Captain Vercoe, too, feels some concern regarding the future of the race, which is to some extent losing its former fine characteristics physically by intermarriage with white folk. At any rate, strong representations were made, and the Maori, who reached France, were converted into a pioneer corps. Captain Vercoe himself, possessing fighting blood and instincts, left his compatriots and attached himself to the New Zealand Regiment, with which he has seen a great deal of hard fighting, and sustained more than one wound. Evidently he does not believe in making this fact known, as he wears no wound stripes of gold. It is sufficient for him to know that he has bled for his country.

It was sixty or seventy years ago that Captain Vercoe's grandfather left Penzance, Egloskaye, for New Zealand. The grandson proposed to visit the old Cornish home.

## FOUGHT THE BRITISH.

On his mother's side, the distinguished officer is the grandson of a famous Maori chief, who fought against the British forces at the battle of Gate Pa, in the Tauranga district, or what Captain Cook described as the Bay of Plenty. After displaying amazing valour, the chieftain was mortally wounded and taken prisoner. He later expressed a wish that his people should accept British rule, and if they ever fought again that it would be on the side of the British.

That wish has been fulfilled, and certainly if he can look down from Valhalla the gallant old warrior will have no cause to complain of his grandson in this respect. When only fifteen years of age Captain Vercoe was with the New Zealand Mounted Rifles in South Africa, going through practically the whole of that campaign. And then came the Kaiser's war. The call of the Motherland at once appealed to the young chieftain, to whom the people of that particular tribe had looked for guidance. He led them to war, or rather, he accompanied them as a private in the New Zealand Expeditionary Force. After training in Egypt, the first contingent of Maori left for Gallipoli, where he was decorated with the D.C.M. and promoted for great gallantry to commissioned rank. At the evacuation he was in charge of the Maori as second-lieutenant.

## GOING HOME.

The force was reorganised in Egypt, and reached France in the beginning of 1916. Soon after reaching the Western Front Captain Vercoe transferred to the Auckland Regiment. He is now one of the senior captains. In the course of a few weeks he is leaving on a military mission to his native land.

A few days ago Sir Thomas Mackenzie, the High Commissioner for New Zealand, received a gold medal from the Ngatitamaatutu, and the Ngatikauhi, of Rototoi, Rotorua tribes, for presentation to Capt. Vercoe in appreciation of his splendid services. It bears the inscription: "A token of remembrance to Capt. H. K. Vercoe, D.S.O., 1st Maori Contingent, New Zealand Expeditionary Force, for long services in the great war, from the Apuama Maoris, Te Aroha."

In making the presentation, Sir Thomas Mackenzie said that Capt. Vercoe combined the best elements of British and Maori traditions, for he was the descendant of an Englishman of high character and integrity and of the daughter of a famous Maori chieftain.

## ANXIOUS TO DO MORE.

Returning thanks, Capt. Vercoe said he felt proud to receive such a gift from his people. While lying wounded in his grand father sent a message to his people stating that the treatment they would receive at the hands of the British would be better than they would get from any other nation on earth. His last word of advice was that they should accept British rule and remain a loyal people. He (Capt. Vercoe) did not think there was any need for him to say a word as to the manner in which that advice had been carried out. He was there to keep green that wish, and if the great god of war was kind he hoped to continue to do a share until the great war was finished. He was proud to be a representative of the Maori race, but was proud also in the fact that he originated from Britain itself. He was fighting not only for the sake of his own people, but for those who made New Zealand their home.

## Wadebridge Revision Court.

Wadebridge Revision Court was held on Monday by the Deputy Registration Officer, Mr. H. L. Coward. The Unionists were represented by Mr. Hendy, the Liberals by Mr. W. Bradford. There were no claims or objections. The business consisted principally in getting the names of military and naval voters on the list.

## CALLINGTON.

At Callington Police Court on Monday, G. Wyatt, of Harrowbarrow, pleaded guilty to stealing a fowl belonging to John Stephens, of Dimson, Gunnislake, and was fined £1. Defendant said he did it because he was hungry. He had not eaten on the previous day except dry bread, but it was stated he was working at a mine and earning 36s. a week.

Cut out and keep this notice. Show it to everyone in your household.

Notes on Saving.—No. 3.

## How to Save on Boots &amp; Shoes

Always stand wet boots to dry with the soles uppermost.

If you have to go to the bootmaker remember that good thick shoes cost less and use up less leather than boots.

Never dry boots too near the fire. Scorched leather soon cracks.

Don't buy boots that "look smart" for a few weeks and then wear out.

Hob-nails or rubber will double the life of your soles.

Don't exchange old boots for ferns and pot plants. Sell them. Leather will always fetch a price.

Thick boots for heavy wear will last longer if oiled now and then. Oil only when dry and clean.

Saving Shoe Leather means Saving money.

Invest your Savings in

## War Savings Certificates

£1 for 15/6. £50 for £38.15.0. £500 for £387.10.0.

If you have not yet joined a War Savings Association, it is your patriotic duty to do so. Apply to the Secretary of your Local War Savings Committee, or write to the National War Savings Committee, Salisbury Square, London, E.C. 4.

Every Shilling saved and lent helps to win the War.

## MR. ROWSE

VISITS:—

Holsworthy  
WEDNESDAYS, 11 a.m. to 5.30 p.m.

At 3, Bodmin Street.

Wadebridge  
THURSDAYS, 1 p.m. to 5.30 p.m.

Ople's Railway Temperance Hotel.

Tavistock  
FRIDAYS, 10 a.m. to 5 p.m.

13, Duke Street, (Over Central Entrance to Market).

Launceston  
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CARBONOID is supplied in Tins 1s. &amp; 3s.

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Every bearing in the Raleigh gives that "silky" running which makes cycling a pleasure.

The Raleigh is a real treat to ride in summer or winter, in town or in country.

## THE RALEIGH ALL-STEEL BICYCLE

Stands First—here is evidence of the service it gives to local riders

H.M. Convict Prison, Princetown.

"I have found the Raleigh very easy running and costing little." (Signed) E. J. Munn.

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GUARANTEED FOR EVER

## Your Health Comes First

Good Health is your most valuable asset; its preservation should, therefore, receive your most careful consideration. An important point which should always be borne in mind is the fact that a great many forms of ill-health can be traced, directly or indirectly, to disorders of the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels. It is wise, therefore, to keep these organs in healthy activity. When they show any signs of derangement let that reliable medicine, Beecham's Pills, be taken at once. Always deal with digestive ailments in time. They are far-reaching in their possibilities of mischief if neglected, as they too often are. And yet it is generally easy to keep fit and well and free from many debilitating ailments by the simple use of

## Beecham's Pills

Sold everywhere in boxes, labelled 1s-3d and 3s-6d.



## HINTS FOR ALLOTMENT HOLDERS.

By SPADE-WORKER.

### POTATOES AND TOMATOES.

The weather is an everlasting topic of conversation among allotment holders, and especially has it proved so this season, for it has been at its worst. Owing to the drought which, at the time of writing, has lasted for almost three weeks, my potato plot is not looking so well as one could wish. In fact, some of the maincrop varieties are dying off prematurely, and there is an unusually abundant crop of potato "apples," as the small, round, apple-like fruits are called. They are most abundant on the least vigorous plants. I am picking them off as fast as I notice them, for to allow them to remain and ripen would be to exhaust the energy of the plants and to decrease the weight of the crop. Modern varieties of potatoes are so highly developed as producers of tubers that they bear fruits comparatively rarely, and potato "apples" are less commonly seen nowadays than formerly.

### HINTS ABOUT TOMATOES.

Tomatoes on out of door plants are now at their best, and in view of the continued high prices obtained in the shops and the markets, those who have devoted a small plot to them must be very glad that they did so. A great mistake made by most people at this time of year is to cut all the leaves in half with the object of admitting as much light to the fruits as possible.



Present Work Among Tomatoes.

The result is that the growth of the plants practically ceases, the fruits get no bigger, and there is considerable reduction in weight of crop. The correct thing to do is to remove all withered leaves and those that have turned yellow, and to shorten by about one-third any healthy leaves which, owing to their large size, shade the fruits unduly. But one should not shorten healthy leaves unless it is essential to do so; if the work is done carelessly the crop, instead of being benefited, will depreciate in value. All side shoots should be removed while they are small, and the top of each plant may with advantage be cut off when four bunches of fruit have set (see accompanying illustration) unless the tomatoes are in an unusually favourable situation, when five or six bunches can sometimes be ripened. The left hand sketch shows too severe a shortening of the leaves. To grow tomatoes for early spring, those possessing a slightly heated greenhouse should sow seed now and report the seedlings as they require it.

### THINNING LATE CROPS.

Seedlings of carrot, beetroot, turnip, and swede that were sown a few weeks ago have made quick progress and must be thinned out to the correct distances apart, otherwise they soon become spilt. Water them if possible in dry weather, and keep the hoe going. Those who intend to save their own seed of runner and French or kidney beans should mark a few of the finest pods on strong, healthy plants and allow the seeds to ripen; late in September or early October they will be ready to gather. Home saved seeds of beans usually germinate much more readily than bought ones. Some allotment holders make a point of saving their own onion seed, and those who care to do this should now select the finest bulb they can find; it must be left in the onion bed until the top has died down, then being taken up, thoroughly dried, and stored in a cool, frost-proof room for planting next March. In the following summer it will produce seed.

### PRIZE-WINNING HINTS.

A prize of "Garden Work for Every Day" is awarded to Mrs. Ward for the following recipe for rhubarb marmalade. If any other readers have any useful and tried recipes which are serviceable at this time of year I shall be glad to hear from them. Take 2lb. rhubarb, two large juicy oranges, one large cooking apple, 2lb. sugar (granulated or lump), and half a saltspoonful of salt. Method: Wash and peel rhubarb cut in 1in. lengths, put in a large basin, cover with 1lb. of sugar, and allow to stand for fourteen to sixteen hours; then put into preserving pan with the remaining 1lb. of sugar. Grate the rind of the two oranges

very fine, remove the remaining pith. Cut oranges in quarters, remove pith and pips, cut in thin slices; peel and chop the apple very fine. Put altogether in the preserving pan with half a saltspoonful of salt, bring slowly to the boil, stir frequently and remove scum as it rises. Boil slowly about one hour till a little dropped on a plate forms a stiff jelly. The above makes about 3lb. of delicious marmalade, resembling apricot jam.

### PRIZE COMPETITION FOR ALLOTMENT HOLDERS.

Every week two prizes are offered for the best allotment hint or recipe. The prizes consist of useful gardening books. All entries for this competition must be addressed "Spadeworker," care of Editor of this paper.

### ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Correspondent.—Line that has been exposed to all weathers for some time will have lost its characteristic properties, though it may still be of some use for digging in as a means of improving the drainage of the soil.

"Spadeworker" is open to give practical advice, free of charge, to readers of this paper. Replies will be sent by post if a stamped addressed envelope is enclosed. Address your inquiries to "Spadeworker," care of Editor.

### POULTRY NOTES.

#### COST AND PROFIT.

The poultry-keeper should be a sound business man, although he may have other things on his mind. Of course, with so many people keeping a few in a back yard, and these just for home use, then the industry itself is not considered on such careful lines as where a man takes up poultry-keeping as a means of livelihood. While some never keep an account of what their birds cost, there are others who like to see that the fowls at least pay for themselves. On top of all this there is the smallholder who keeps his birds because they can help to bring in some profit, and also the man who has some in the back yard, and makes a good thing of them, reckons that if he had so many more on a farm that the profits would be the same in proportion, and then his living would be assured. But such a one missed a lot of things over which he has no control, and which he does not count upon working on a garden run. Very often no rent is counted if the birds occupy only a part of the garden, and then time is not taken into account. On the other hand, when feeding a big lot, it should be done cheaper than when keeping a few, because in buying the bulk works out cheaper than the small lots.

The question of values has often puzzled the small man, and he has found a difficulty in properly estimating the value of any bird he may have for disposal. One might argue that if he takes enough of them soon come down, and the buyer will keep on the right side for his own sake. But this is a bad way of doing business. The producer should know the value of his birds, and then when he cannot get his price, should hold them over, because there must be a limit, when it would pay him better to keep than to sell. As to the value, he can partly be governed by what they cost him or what he paid for the eggs, and then add to this the cost of raising. Then the question of supply and demand must be considered, and this will help to govern prices. If you have a breed which few people care for, the value must naturally be less than if it was a variety which was in big demand. Another point is also whether there are plenty on the market, in which case it means a smaller price, but on the other hand, if there seem few about and those who have them ask big prices, you can be certain that yours are worth something near the same. Of course much depends upon the way the birds have been raised. I know men who will grow a chicken in four months equal to the size of others in six, so that age is not always a criterion as to value. By this it must not be assumed that big chickens are the most valuable when eggs are needed, only the quick grower can market his stock two months sooner, and the quality of any meat so raised is much sweeter.

One will naturally wonder then how they are to gauge the price of their stock, and what methods they should adopt in selling. Every bird is worth as much as you can get. Find the man who is needing the very one you have, and he is well prepared to pay more than the next, who can do with either yours or one from another yard. Whatever that man pays you take, and feel that you are honestly entitled to it, because if it is not what he wants he will not pay more than market value. Suppose you have been raising a lot of chickens, you should know very near what each has cost to raise, and then on top of this you must put your other expenses, with a margin for yourself. The old tale of feeding on 1d. a week each has gone by, and I doubt if it will come back again. Such tales want verifying, and exist more in imagination than in reality. A fowl needs a certain amount of food to keep the body going, and if it is to lay in addition, then this means food, and food is not had to-day for the nothing.

[Our correspondent undertakes to answer questions on poultry matters. Letters should be addressed: "Fancier," "Weekly News" Office, Launceston.]

As evidence of the enormous damage done to corn stacks by field mice, the experience is cited of one member of the Sissinghurst (Kent) Mouse-killing Club, who destroyed no fewer than 604 mice during two days' corn threshing last week.

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FOR FOOD VALUE **Cocoa**  
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WHEN Vim gets to work, it quickly demonstrates that housework does not mean hard scrubbing and vigorous rubbing. Vim keeps tile-work, bathroom washbowls and taps as spotlessly clean as it does kitchen floors and tables. Vim cleans so easily and quickly that fatigue, as far as the work is concerned, is banished.

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Eczema, Scrofula, Bad Legs, Abscesses, Ulcers, Glandular Swellings, Boils, Pimples, Sores and Eruptions, Piles, Rheumatism, Gout, etc., don't waste your time and money on lotions and ointments which cannot get below the surface of the skin. What you want and what you must have is a medicine that will thoroughly free the blood of the poison matter which alone is the true cause of all your suffering. Clarke's Blood Mixture is just such a medicine. It is composed of ingredients which quickly attack, overcome and expel the impurities from the blood, that is why so many truly wonderful cures stand to its credit.



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THE LEADING DYERS AND CLEANERS, PLYMOUTH.

ECONOMISE IN DRESS. COSTUMES, COATS, BLOUSES, SKIRTS. Also GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHES. CAN, BY OUR PROCESSES, BE BEAUTIFULLY CLEANED OR DYED AND FINISHED IN A SUPERIOR MANNER. Noted for Black Dyeing.

Local Agents:—**MESSRS. P. RADDALL & SON,** Saddlers, &c., Westgate Street, Launceston



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No Cooking or Cow's Milk required. Made with boiling water only.

OWING to the abnormal demand and to Government restrictions on raw material, containers, etc., we are unable to avoid delay in executing orders from Retail Chemists and Wholesale Houses.

We are doing our utmost to increase the output and to distribute supplies equitably; the public will greatly assist us by not ordering more than is required for immediate needs. Consumers cannot be supplied by us direct and orders should be placed through their usual Retail Chemist.

Allen & Hanburys Ltd., London.

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**RED WHITE & BLUE**  
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our price so low that anybody, rich or poor can buy it. Remember, we make it to your order—send it to you—you wear it—and if it doesn't satisfy you, you send it back to us, and we will refund your money. That is the way we do business—always absolutely on the square—and we have sold to thousands of people this way for the last ten years. Remember, we use no salves, no harness, no ties, no fakes. We just give you a straight business deal at a reasonable price. Write at once for our Illustrated Booklet.

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ST. THOMAS ROAD,  
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BUYER OF HAY, STRAW, OATS, &c.

BEST PRICES GIVEN ON RAIL,  
Launceston or intermediate Stations to Plymouth.

Terms: Net Cash on Delivery.

SELLER OF GRAIN, MEAL & BRAN.

**Miscellaneous.**

**WEATHERS** and Skins, all kinds, also Hackles. Purchased. Messrs. 94, Upper Clapton Road, London, E.5.

**CHAMBER** of Commerce and Trade Protection. Advertiser open to Purchase Connection. Box 7090, Central Press, 190, Strand, W.C.2.

**SAVE** Sugar. 100 Saccharine Tablets post free for 2s. 2d. Larger quantities cheaper. W. Fawcett, 13, Church Lane, Harpurhey, Manchester.

**LORENEOR.** Cleans all kinds of Gramophone Records, Pianoforte Keys, and Jewellery. Harmless; full directions sent. Sample post free P.O. 1s. Russell and Kalisky, 77, Lower Chapman Street, Stepney, E.1.

**WANTED** Ladies' Hair Combing. Best cash prices given. Hayes, 41, Fishergate, Preston.

**BARGAIN** Sales. Everything supplied. Catalogue free. Haverkamp, Manufacturers Agent, 35, Cypress Road, Kent.

**SACCHARINE** SWEETENS everything. 100 for 2s. 3d., 1,000 for 20s. Cash trade supplied. Walby, Woodstock, Sheffield.

**BOOTS** Equal to new. Excellent condition. 15s. 6d., carriage paid. Langley, 32, Old Bailey, London.

**RACING** Information. Certain Winner. Big odds. Post quickly five shillings and stamped address. H. Mason, 94, Southville, London, S.W.8.

**WANTED** Cinema Films, any quantity, lowest price; also Films for Sale. Rutherford, 24, Ormiston Rd., Wallasey.

**WANTED** Primus Stoves, Second-hand, 15s. Send any genuine Primus Stoves to Hulbert, 78, Fore Street, London, E.C.2. Cash sent by return.

**DEAFNESS** and Head-Noises Cured. A simple remedy, which cured a Clergyman after several years' suffering; gladly explained. Free. Write Aural Remedy, 318, Station Road, Croydon, Surrey.

**£50** A-YEAR for half-hour's work a day for everybody. Full instructions in Horner, 28, Park Road, Spalding, Lincs.

**ARTIFICIAL** COAL. Householders prepare for winter. Make your own. Small cost. Particulars stamped addressed envelope. Borgo & Co., Liskard, Cornwall.

**TO DEALERS**—Leather goods, large profits, 2s. 6d. for samples and lists. Jacklin's Factory, 26a, Wiverton Road, Sherwood Rise, Nottingham.

**WHY** Suffer with Nerves? You can cure yourself. Recipe 2s. 14d. Williams & Co., 26a, Wiverton Road, Sherwood Rise, Nottingham.

**WANTED** Cook-General, also Nurse-maid. Good home, good wages, no washing, liberal outings, family 3. Ward, 19, Corringham Road, Golden's Green, N.W.

**£150**—One-Mannual Church Organ, 9 Stos, Peder, Bourdon, for Sale. Garrard, Lechlade, Glos.

**SACCHARINES**—The best Tea, Pudding, Jam Sweeteners, 2s. 6d. per 100, post free. Chemist, 149, Balby Road, Doncaster.

**£500**—Two-Manual Check Organ, outfit 1916, for Sale. Apply. Landsay Garrard, Lechlade, Glos.

**CYCLE** AIR TUBES, 28 x 1 1/2, 9d.; 27 War Office Red, 2s. 6d.; Heavy, 3s. 6d. Buy before advance. 10s. Parcel carriage paid. Watts & Co., White Hart Yard, Newcastle-on-Tyne.

**EMPEROR** STUDIOS, 13, St. Martin's Court, W.C. Soldiers, Sailors' Hand-painted Portraits, Miniatures, Oil Enlargements, from any photograph. Terms one guinea upwards. Painted by Exhibiting. E.A. Agents Wanted.

**COMMERCIAL** BILLS DISCOUNTED. Current Accounts, Contracts, Mortgages, etc., guaranteed. Underwriters, 251, Old Street, E.C.

**TWO** ALLOTMENT HOLDERS. Save your shoe leather and dig in comfort by purchasing Roberts' Shoe Iron or Boot Protector. Fit any shoe, 9d., including carriage. Cash with order to the Allotment Tool Supply, 35, Oldfield Road, Sparkbrook, Birmingham.

**Miscellaneous.**

**PUBLIC** HEALTH OFFICIALS. Large demand anticipated under new Ministry. Candidates rapidly prepared for postal tuition by a practical Inspector. Teacher. No books necessary; fees moderate and inclusive. Partially disabled men eligible. Particulars, stamped addressed envelope. Walker, Box 1, 3, Springcroft Avenue, N.2.

**XMAS** CARDS (Wholesale). Write for List No. 25. Watkins, 30/32, Spring Hill, Birmingham.

**PAPER** OFFSETS, 6in. by 4; 2s. 6d. 1,000, carriage paid. Sample 14d. Brock, 513, Harrow Road, W.10.

**SCRAP** TIN Wanted, discs or strips, lacquered preferred. Don Mill, Donnington, Berks.

**MONTHLY** PAYMENTS.—Costumes, Suits, Raincoats, Children's Clothing, Drapery, Cutlery, Jewellery, Watches, Catalogue free. British Trades, Lechoe, 79.

**PILES!** PILES! Don't suffer; get clean, speedy, proved relief, 3s., and worth it. R. Kirkness, M.P.S., St. Agnes, Hemmott Road, Ashford, Kent.

**SMALL** HOUSE WANTED in Hants, Dorset or Devon; few miles from sea, about 3 acres and orchard; rent or purchase. H. Chalkley, Holmrook, West Cumbria, land.

**"FERTILLO"** Plant Food makes plants flourish. Suitable for all soils, all crops, and all plants. The best and cheapest in the long run. 7lb. 2s. 6d., 28lb. 6s. 6d., carriage paid. The H.O.M. Co., 146, Cotham Brow, Bristol.

**DAMLER** MOTOR VAN, 30 h.p., just overhauled, new van body, £150. Phone Gerr. 8740. Axis, 9, Regent Street, London.

**YOUR** Photo enlarged 12 by 10 and beautifully hand-coloured for 2s. 6d. R. Daves, 24, Albert Road, South Norwood, S.E.25.

**LADY** Wants to Purchase from private owner 2-Seater American Car, self-starter, reasonable figure, for war work. No dealers. Box No. 7105, Central Press, 190, Strand, London.

**CHARACTER** Delineated and abilities described from Handwriting; send specimen, including signature, and 1s. Waveney Conway, Graphologist, Fairlight, Aldenham Road, Bushey, Herts.

**SYSTEMATIC** SPECULATION, Clubman's System Wires. Winners Leger, Caserewich, Cambridgeshire ready, post 2s. Newman, week 10s., 100 Points profit this year. Success assured. Clarke, 248, Gt. Portland Street, London.

**WANTED** KITCHENMAID, also HOUSE-MAID, WATFESS, or HOUSE-MAID, at once. Business house. Good wages. Housekeeper, 9, Commercial Road, Bournemouth.

**NORFOLK** BROAD Postcards, like Miniature Oil Paintings, post free, 1s. dozen. Thompson, Stationer, Stump Cross, Norwich.

**ON** CANVAS, beautifully finished life-like Enlargements, any photo, 6s. 6d. Satisfaction guaranteed. Academy Studios, 18, Lichfield Chambers, Princess Square, Wolverhampton.

**SPLENDID** address for London Dept. Agencies invited. Coleman, 8, Houghton Street, Kingsway, London, W.C.

**TWO** really good MEN Wanted for Chaff-cutting. Small gas engine. Good wages. Jameson & Co., 48, Poole Road, Westbourne, Bournemouth.

**SAFETY** RAZOR Blades Re-sharpened; entirely new process; satisfaction guaranteed. Gillette specialty. 1s. dozen. Odell, 203, Great Western Rd., Glasgow.

**LADIES** who value their youthful appearance, use the "U-try-it" chin strap, post free 3s. 6d. Madame, Box 7100, Central Press, 190, Strand, London.

**FOR** SALE, First Class Ship's Linen. Counterpanes 10s. each. Linen Sheets 10s. 6d. Both single bed size. Various towels from 6d. All second-hand, but in good condition. Carriage paid. Terms, cash with order. Money returned if not approved of. Write to young's, Hardwick Street, Bermondsey, London.

**JACKSON** & CO., Cloth Fair, Smithfield. E.C.1. High prices paid for White and Brown Meat Bagging; also waste string. Prompt cash. Carriage paid. Correspondence invited. Phone City 890.

**BROUGHAM**, splendid condition, cost 200 Guineas, take 25. King, Morden Hall, Guilden, Morden, Cambs.

**QUANTITY** Unfinished Toys, also 500 Wood Wheels in rough. Seen any time. Hawkes, 318, Plumstead Common Road, Plumstead, S.E.18.

**NEED** for Sheep, Oxen, to Let. Chaff 14s. Owt. on rail. King, "Guilden," Morden, Cambs.

**DRY** Bladders for covering Jam Jars, no tying required, perfectly airtight, clean and strong, no smell; price 2s. dozen, carriage paid. O. Kirch, 8-11, King Street, West Smithfield, E.C.1.

**4/-** MONTHLY.—Costumes, Raincoats, Suits, Boots and Shoes, Household Drapery, etc. L. Burman, Draper, Pontypool.

**WANTED** Toys and Novelties; send wholesale lists, Bryce, Bridge Street, Sunderland.

**FOR** SALE, 500 Warranted Gold Shell Chains, at 3s. 6d. each; satisfaction or money returned. Luton, 69, Stanley Road, Teddington, Middlesex.

**REQUIRED** Agents, almost any district, new Hair Curling Preparation; very profitable. Particulars, sample 6d. Kenture, 24, Horyham Avenue, North Finchley, London.

**INFLUENZA** is absolutely prevented and cured by Chalkley's Syrup. Of Chemists, or post free 3s. 2, Parliament Hill, Hampstead, London.

**Miscellaneous.**

**WANTED**, COOK-GENERAL, single-handed; also HOUSEMAID. Good wages, according to experience. Apply, Miss Wharry, Whitstone Road, Holwerth.

**WANTED**, immediately, a MAN to Work in the Yard. Apply, Messrs. Pethybridge, Reed, & Co., Town Mills, Launceston.

**WANTED**, BLACKSMITHS for Carriage Building, Agricultural Implement, and Machinery Smithing. Good wages. Apply, J. J. Down, Carriage Builder, etc., Launceston.

**WANTED** a VANMAN & STOREMAN. Good Wages. Apply W. V. Dunn, East Cornwall Stores, Launceston.

**WANTED**, at once, BETWEEN MAID; State wages. Good references required. Country house, two miles from Launceston. Apply, Miss Gurney, Trebursay, Launceston.

**WANTED**, at Michaelmas, GIRL, for Farm House. Mrs. W. H. Palmer, Heale, Launceston.

**HOUSEMAID** WANTED for Bournemouth, age about 19, three weeks' holiday in August. Apply Miss D. Tregoning, Landue, Launceston.

**EXPERIENCED** GENERAL Wanted 1st. September. Good wage. Apply Goode, Arundel Cottage, Bude.

**WANTED**, immediately, STOREMAN for Coal, Manure, and Meal Stores at Whitstone and Bridgerule Station. Apply, Vivian & Sons, Ltd., Bude.

**WANTED**, YOUNG PERSON as WAITRESS, and make herself generally useful; also COOK-GENERAL. Good wages given to suitable persons. Apply, Mrs. B. Smith, Castle Temperance Hotel, Launceston.

**TO BUTCHERS**—WANTED, a smart YOUTH, to learn the Trade. Apply, Vosper & Son, Launceston.

**WAGGONER**—WANTED, a WAGGONER; ineligible. Apply, Barriball & Sons, Grocers and Merchants, Launceston.

**FEATHERS**—Fowl, Duck, Goose, in any quantity. Best prices given. Clatworthy & Company, Limited, Feather Purifiers, Addison Road, Plymouth.

**WANTED**, UPPER HOUSEMAID and BETWEEN-MAID (Kitchen and Laundry). Highest references. State wages all particulars. Mrs. Lethbridge, Tregear, Egloskerry.

**Miscellaneous.**

**LEATHER** WALLETS 4s., Treasury Note Cases 1s. Agents Wanted. Holyoak, 2, Agnes Road, Northampton.

**ARMY** BOOTS REQUIRING SLIGHT REPAIRS 2s. 9d. PER PAIR, repaired but patched ready for wear 4s. 9d., fully repaired as good as new 7s. 9d., all carriage paid. Several thousand pairs, guaranteed, from cutters, require soleing and heeling, 1s. 9d. per pair. Several thousand pairs suitable only for cutting up for repairs 9d. per pair in not less than 25 pairs. Send crossed postal order and state size to: H. C. P. Buckland, 24 Southwark Bridge Road, S.E.1.

**5,000** COTTON DUCK BAGS, 17in. by 14in. New, strong, and well made, 17s. 9d. per dozen, delivered. Jones, 13, Avenue Chambers, Southampton Row, W.C.1.

**PRINTING**—Billheads 8s. 6d. 1,000. Samples 2d. Brock, 513, Harrow Road, W.10.

**ARTIFICIAL** TEETH (OLD) BOUGHT. Highest Value Assured. Up to 7/- per Tooth, plated on Vulcanite; 12/- on Silver; 15/- on Gold; £2 on platinum. Cash or offer by return. If offer not accepted, parcel returned post free.

**BEST** PRICES PAID FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER JEWELLERY (Broken or otherwise). Satisfaction Guaranteed. Kindly mention this Paper.

**S. CANN & CO.**, 69a, Market Street, MANCHESTER. Established 1830.

**SMALL** Lot of Safe and Profitable Securities for Sale from £15. "Trustee," "Glenlea," Hainault, Ilford, Essex.

**EASY** SHORTHAND.—Will you give half an hour a day and 1s. 6d. per week to become a 120 word-per-minute Shorthand Writer? Dutton's Shorthand consists of six rules, 29 characters. Theory learned in 24 hours. Send two stamps for specimen lesson. DUTTON'S COLLEGE, Desk D31, SKEGNESS.

**SUGAR** SHORTAGE.—Sweetening Tablets —Prices: 50, 1s. 2d.; 100, 2s.; 1,000, 18s. Post free. C. Doyle, 168, Aldersgate Street, E.C.4.

**WANTED** Ladies' Hair Combing. Best cash prices given. Hayes, 41, Fishergate, Preston, Lancs.

**SUGAR! SUGAR! SUGAR!** Cook's Highly Concentrated Sweetening Crystals, 6d. packets, enough for 30 to 40 cups of tea and C. E. and T. Ideal for Cakes, Puddings, Pastry. Wholesale prices, 5s. per doz., 3 doz. at 4s. 9d., cash. Showcards included.—F. Culver, 113 Stapleton Road, Bristol.

**VARIKOSE** VEINS Completely Relieved. Wear our Perfect Elastic Hosiery. Stockings from 4/6. Measurement list free.—Surgical Supply, 19 Cannon Street, Manchester.

**CHOCOLATE**—How to make in five minutes. Sample for 6d.—James Lee, Confectioner, Stockport.

**KEATING'S** KILLS in War and Peace. FLIES, FLEAS, BUGS, BEETLES, all insects. ALL killed sure and certain with Keating's Powder. Remember insects carry disease—therefore kill them with Keating's. Tins 3d., 6d., and 1s. Sold everywhere. But be sure it IS "Keating's."

**Scholastic.**

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Assisted by an efficient Staff.

**BOARDERS** by Term or Week. Special provision for Agriculture and Commercial studies.

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W. H. WALTERS, Correspondent, District Education Office, Launceston, 16th August, 1918.

**Scholastic.**

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**NEXT TERM** will commence on TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17th, 1918. Pupils prepared for all Public Examinations. Playing Field, Work Shop, Kitchen, etc.

Fees £2 4s. per term (£1 1s. extra for those entering over 13), including stationery. Forms of application and full particulars may be had of

W. H. WALTERS, Correspondent, District Education Office, Launceston, 16th August, 1918.

**Scholastic.**

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Head Master: Mr. R. J. RITTE, B.A. B.Sc. (Hons., Lond.), L.C.P., F.R.Hist.S., Assisted by an efficient Staff.

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**Scholastic.**

## DUNHEVED COLLEGE, LAUNCESTON.

Head Master: Mr. BENJAMIN B. HARDY, M.A. (St. John's College, Cambridge); assisted by four Resident Assistant Masters, with Mr. C. STANLEY PARSONSON, Mus. Bac. (Lond.), L.T.C.1.; Mr. J. R. QUICK, and SERGT. SLOMAN.

1910-15: 15 London Int. B.Sc., Int. B.A. B.Sc., and B.A.; 15 London Matric.

Preparation for professional and commercial life. Attention given to Agricultural Studies. Apply Headmaster or Secretary.

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Head-Mistress—Miss Seccombe, Assisted by a Highly-qualified Resident and Visiting Staff.

For Prospective Apply—PENDRUCCOMBE, LAUNCESTON.

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**MR. D. J. COLDWELL** (Fellow of the Royal College of Organists, Organist and Choirmaster of St. Mary Magdalene, Launceston.)

Visits and Recovers PUPILS for ORGAN, PIANO, SINGING, VIOLIN, and all branches of Theoretical Music.

Pupils Prepared for Examination. A Course of Lessons may commence at any time.

For terms and particulars, apply: "Pencil," St. Thomas Road, Launceston.

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## ELECTRIC LIGHTING BY J. RIDGE, Tower St., Launceston.

LAMPS AT LOWEST PRICES.

**LOCAL MARKETS.**

**LAUNCESTON CATTLE**.—117 Fat cattle and 120 sheep graded. Store bullocks £25 to £35, cows and calves, £20 to £25, rearing calves 100s to 120s, store sheep 70s to 85s, breeding ewes 80s to 105s, rams up to £6 6s, store lambs 30s to 42s.

**LAUNCESTON**.—Eggs 4s to 4s 3d per doz., butter wholesale 2s 1d to 2s 2d per lb, retail 2s 4d, chicken 2s to 2s 3d, ducks 12s 6d to 17s 6d per couple, fowls 10s to 12s 6d, rabbits 2s 9d to 3s 6d, potatoes 1s per stone, cabbages 2d to 3d each, cauliflowers 2d to 6d, cucumbers 8d to 1s 2d, marrow 2d to 8d, beetroot 2d, grapes 2s 6d to 3s 6d per lb, tomatoes 1s, plums 1s 6d, apples (dessert) 9d, culinary 7d to 8d, French beans 2d, broad beans 6d per gallon, green peas 10d, pears 4d each.

**OKHAMPTON**.—Cows and calves £25 to £25, rearing calves 75s to 120s, beef 1s 2d to 1s 8d per lb, mutton 1s 2d to 1s 7d, lamb 1s 4d to 1s 5d, pork 1s 6d to 1s 10d, uncured bacon 1s 6d to 1s 8d, cured 1s 10d to 2s 1d, rough fat 10d to 1s, pigons 1s each, rabbits 8d to 1s, wool 1s 3d per lb, ducks 1s 6d per lb, fowls 1s, chickens 1s 6d to 1s 9d, butter (wholesale) 2s, retail 2s 4d, eggs 4d each, wheat (white and red) 77s 9d per 200lbs, bran 13s per 112lbs ex mill, oats 4s 6d per 336lbs, maize 55s per 240lbs, cabbages 1d to 1d each, potatoes 1d per lb, tomatoes 1s 6d, onions 2d to 4d, plums 1s 3d to 1s 6d, apples 9d to 1s 3d, cucumbers 2d to 6d each, peas 2s per peck, scarlet runners 2s 3d to 2s 6d.

**TAVISTOCK**.—Beef 1s 2d to 1s 10d per lb, mutton and lamb 1s to 1s 10d, pork 1s 8d to 1s 10d, do, by the carcass £1 6s 9d per score (without offal), ducks 10s to 12s per couple, chickens 8s to 10s, butter 2s 1d to 2s 4d per lb, eggs 4s per dozen, hens 10d per lb, chicken 1s 3d, rabbits 6d to 1s each.

**CALLINGTON**.—Messrs. Kington and Son and Mr. Vesper offered upwards of 700 sheep; prices up to £6 15s. Butter 2s 1d per lb, eggs 4s per dozen, hens 10d per lb, chicken 1s 3d, rabbits 6d to 1s each.

**LEWDOWN CATTLE**.—Messrs. Ward and Chown had 500 sheep, 37 bullocks, and 4 horses. A particularly good lot of Dartmoor ewes were penned, and prices ranged from 8s to 100s, the latter for Mr. J. H. Paige and Mr. Herbert Rich, with an average of 89s 6d. Lambs from 35s 6d to 60s, with an average of 49s 2d; lease cows, £30 10s to £32 15s; 1½ to 2 year old steers, £18 2s 6d to £21; 2½ year old steers, £28 to £30; yearlings, £13 12s 6d; a bull calf, 18½s; 2 year old cob colts, £20 and £30 5s. Good competition for sheep, but store cattle easier.

**2ND VOL. BATT., D.C.L.I.**

No. 9 PLATOON, C COMPANY.

Orders for the week ending Saturday, September 7th:—

Sunday, Sept. 1st.—Platoon drill, 10.15 a.m.

Wednesday, Sept. 4th.—B.F. and P.T., 7.30 p.m.

On duty for the week: Sergt. B. T. Vanstone, Leco-Corpl. J. M. Gunner.

JOHN DINGLEY,  
Officer Commanding.

**LAUNCESTON AND DISTRICT EGG COLLECTION.**

In connection with the National Egg Collection for the Wounded, the number of eggs received and sent from Launceston on Saturday, August 17th, was 702; and Saturday, August 24th, 490.

The number of eggs collected by the Launceston district since the appeal was started on February 6th, 1915, totals 248,557.

**LOCAL LIGHTING.**

During the coming week the times under the Lighting Order will be as follows:—

**LIGHTS ON VEHICLES.**

To-night, 8.38; Next Friday, 8.22.

**OBSCURING LIGHTS.**

To-night, 10.8; Next Friday, 9.52.

Within view of the sea, lights must be obscured 1½ hours earlier.

**To POULTRY KEEPERS.**

## GIVE YOUR HENS SPICK GRIT

The New Shell Grit.

Sold by all Corn Dealers.

Write for samples and name and address of nearest Agent.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS:  
**LIVERINE LIMITED, GRIMSBY.**

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For Lowest and Assisted Rates to all parts of the World by all the best Lines, apply to

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Personal & prompt attention in every case.

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\* tions in the postal charges. \*

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